THE BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

ESTABLISHED IN 1869. "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not Perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $2.00 PER ANNUM.

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BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

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ELECTIONS.

Important elections were held yesterday in New York, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Wisconsin, and Minnesota. Each of these States, except New York, elected a governor, and if we except our own State, the whole or a part of their Legislatures. Four or five other States held elections, but they are partial in their character, and otherwise unimportant; or, perhaps, we might except Mississippi, which elected a State treasurer and its delegation in Congress. Last fall the Democracy carried New York, electing Governor Tilden by a majority of 50,317. Of the thirty-three members of Congress then chosen fifteen were Democrats and three Liberals. These last were almost wholly indebted to the Democrats for their success. In the State legislature the Democrats had a majority of twenty-two. This might be called an overwhelming Republican defeat. At the time of writing this article we do not know anything about how the State has gone, but we are very confident that the Republicans will turn back the tide of defeat and win a glorious victory.

We were more surprised last year at the vote of Massachusetts than of any other State, and we thought Democrats had good reasons to exult when that stronghold of Republicanism was swept along by the full tide of this retrograde movement, and William Gaston, the Democratic candidate for Governor, elected by a majority of 7,032. But the people were not ready to try the whole of so dangerous an experiment, and the Republicans had a majority in the Legislature on joint ballot of seventy-eight. But the result for Congressmen was more inaccountable than the vote for Governor. Of the eleven, four were Democrats and two were Liberals, giving the opposition a majority of the delegation, a result never before known in the history of that State—a disgrace to Massachusetts, done in a fit of the sulks, in anger and in haste, and which they will bitterly repent.

In our own State, three years ago, Hartranft was elected by a majority of 35,564. In 1873 the Republicans elected Mackey State Treasurer by a majority of 25,352, but last fall our good old State followed the tide, and the Democrats elected Latta Lieutenant-Governor.

In 1872 the Democrats carried Maryland for Greeley by a majority of 927. In 1873, Woodford, Democratic candidate for Comptroller, was elected by a majority of 10,983. Last fall the Democrats carried the Legislature, gaining a majority of fifty-four on joint ballot. At the election of Congressmen last fall, the Democrats carried the whole delegation of six by an aggregate majority of 14,000.

In Wisconsin, in 1873, Taylor, Democrat, was elected Governor by a majority of 15,512. Last fall the Republicans elected five of the eight Congressmen, but the aggregate vote was close, the Democrats having a majority of about 300. In the Legislature chosen at the same time, the Democrats, Liberals, and Independents had a majority of thirty-three on joint ballot.

In 1873, Davis, Republican, carried Minnesota by a majority of 5,519. Last fall, McMillan, Republican, was elected chief justice by a majority of 9,885. At the same time, the Republicans elected the three members of Congress, which was the entire delegation, by an aggregate majority of 5,535. The legislature was very close, the Republicans having a majority of only three on joint ballot.

We have given this brief review of the past, in the States which again have spoken, that our readers may make a comparison between the past and the present. We confidently expect better work from these States than was done last fall. One year of Democratic rule must be sufficient to turn the tide in the opposite direction. Last year they made great promises, but this year they cannot fool the people on the same promises unfulfilled. This making promises which they never intend to fulfill is an old trick of the Democratic party, as many of our older citizens can testify. They have not forgotton the old campaign cry by which the Democracy deceived them, of "Polk, Dallas, and the tariff of '42;" and when by their votes they had helped this party into power, how they went back on all their promises, made all over the State by all the papers and speakers of the party; and as soon as they had the power they did just what they had promised not to do, and repealed the tariff of '42; and those who lived and were in active business at that time, can well remember what distress and want were brought about in all this country in consequence. There are hundreds of these men who are in favor of an increase in the volume of the currency who are not willing to trust the party that once before so cruelly betrayed them. They said, "The Democracy betrayed us once; then it was their fault. If they betray us again it will be our fault."

What is in a promise?
Little is the good it brings
Promises are but breath;
Deeds—deeds alone are things!

And to this great Republican party which lets its deeds show the good work it is doing, they are bound by a stronger tie, and will trust the great, honest and loyal Republican party to doctor our finances in the best interest of the whole people.

RATES OF INTEREST.

The question of investments and returns, particularly of investments in rentable houses, has recently been made the subject of discussion in metropolitan papers, and the conclusion is generally reached, that landlords cannot safely reckon hereafter on ten per cent. on lands and improvements, but must be satisfied with little more than half that sum. Their array of facts and figures of course refer more especially to the large cities, but with slight variations the same principles will apply elsewhere.

Taxes, both municipal and State, have a tendency to increase, and where efforts have been made it has been found no easy thing to diminish them. This is especially true since the war. Debts are often contracted now in both city and town, which before the war would have rendered the mover liable to the charge of insanity. The cost of building may have somewhat diminished within the past two years. But our landlords having houses to let are trying very hard to keep rent up to the old war prices. But it is no use; with our people only half employed the capitalist must be satisfied with less interest than formerly. In fact, landlords must be willing to receive a reduced profit, which after all is about as well as can be done in any other investment. The aggregate debt of the railroads of the country is approximately $2,000,000,000, and this is probably about half their first cost. Seven per cent. of this vast debt amounts to $140,000,000, and the net earnings of the roads over and above this interest is only about $50,000,000. This allows a dividend, provided they all pay alike, of only two and one-half per cent. The Southern and Western railroads have but a small margin left after paying the interest. New England roads yield interest and about five per cent. for dividends, and in the Middle States the dividends exceed those in New England by a trifle. These calculations are based upon the returns of railway corporations for the year 1874. Since that time there has been a great falling off in freights and passenger traffic, and of course the net profits of the several roads are correspondingly diminished, and the dividends for the current year must be light.

It may surprise some to learn that manufacturies, for the past five years, have paid even less dividends than the railroads. There have been some exceptional cases which might be pointed out, but failures are even more common. The average dividends in the principal manufacturing states is not over five per cent., as is shown by carefully compiled statistics.

In considering therefore the three sources from which we have usually looked for the largest returns, and where our surplus funds are mostly invested, viz., houses, railroads, and manufacturies, we find that but about five per cent. in dividends can be realized, and for years to come it is more likely to fall below that sum than to rise above it.

In farm operations during the past few years, the result is more favorable, except in those localities where abnormal causes, such as floods and grasshoppers, have destroyed the crops. Prices have been sustained, and the earth has yielded bountifully. And while agriculture has been remunerative, the past three years have been especially disastrous to general business; few establishments have added to their capital from profits, and may have had all their means swept away.

We see, therefore, that capital does not yield the returns in this country that it formerly did, and much of it is lying idle, uncertain of the future. European countries take the lead of us in commerce, ship building and manufretures, because their capitalists are willing to take three or four per cent. on secure investments. In all sorts of enterprises in this country, business men have paid ten or more per cent. for the use of money. These rates are ruinous at any time, and in the present business stagnation, money at seven per cent. is not wanted in any great amount, and the result is a plethora of money in all the business centres. Rates of interest must fall. The government bonds which are drawing over five per cent., are gradually being withdrawn, and it is questionable whether more than that, above taxes, can be realized in any legitimate business for years to come.

"Wandering Evangelists."

Beecher's Estimate of the Labors and Influence of Moody and Sankey.

Mr. Beecher last Sunday prayed for "those wandering evangelists," Messrs. Moody and Sankey, asking that they might not be rendered vain or self-conscious by the praises of men, but attribute all the fruits of their work to the beneficence of God. His own praise of the revivalists, or at all events of Mr. Moody, was by no means unqualified. In his sermon he said he had listened recently with profound interest to the words of the evangelists. As a minister it had not often been his privilege to hear so stirring a sermon from a layman. He rejoiced heart and soul in the success God had given Moody. He had not been so moved for a great while as when he saw one worshipper rising to ask the congregation to pray for a brother, another for a father, and a third for a husband or child. He heard Mr. Moody speak of incessant praper, unanswered for fifteen years, and relate several touching instances of the abiding faith that was at last rewarded. "Ah, Mr. Moody," said Mr. Beecher, "you were mistaken in that no man ever yet prayed for fifteen years without his prayer being answered. Not, perhaps, precisely in the way he desired at the time, but with a munificence that far surpassed his anticipation. The answer came, and will always come, in the increased faith, in the sublime resignation that enabled him to pray steadfastly for fifteen years."

THE Western whisky ring is apparently utterly shattered, and the members of it are now doing all they can to save themselves at the expense of others of the gang, by offering to turn State's evidence. Now that the Administration has it in its power to punish all concerned in defrauding the Government, it will be a pity if the opportunity is missed. Of course there will be abundance of "influence" brought to bear to save those guilty of the frauds, but neither the Administration nor the Republican party can afford to trifle in this matter.

IN the Ann Eliza divorce suit, a new issue has apparently been raised, and Brigham Young has been ordered to be arrested and imprisoned until he pays $9,500 and the costs. It seems that the original order of the Court is not considered applicable to this phase of the case, as the counsel for Young had neglected to make a proper motion, asking this part of the judgment to be vacated. It is not, however, clear how Ann Eliza can be allowed alimony without indirectly giving the support of the law of the United States to polygamy.

NOTICE TO RETURN JUDGES.—Election officers will notice that, by the provisions of the thirteenth section of "a further supplement to the act regulating elections in this Commonwealth," return judges living within twelve miles of the Prothonotary's office, or within twenty-four miles, if their residence be in a town, village or city, upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, are required to deliver returns of election to the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas before two o'clock P. M., of the day after the election, and all other judges are required to deliver returns to said Prothonotary by twelve o'clock M., of the second day after election.

GLORIOUS REPUBLICAN VICTORY!

HARTRANFT TRIUMPHANT

BY

18,000 MAJORITY!

AND

The Majority Still Swelling!

Large Republican Gains From All Parts of the State!

The Inflation and Gut Argument Did Not Win.

Pontius Piollet Still Lives With His Mother-in-law.

The Rag Baby Mortifies

KING CYRUS

GONE TO MEET BILL ALLEN

NEW YORK STATE

IS REPORTED AT 12 O'CLOCK TO-DAY AS HAVING ELECTED THE

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET!

BY

15,000 MAJORITY!

MASSACHUSETTS CARRIES EVERYTHING BY AN UNPRECEDENTED

REPUBLICAN WHIRLWIND

NEW JERSEY COMES UP AS HAPPY AS A CLAM AT HIGH WATER.

Both Branches of the New Jersey State Legislature Have been Carried by the Republicans.

REPUBLICAN PYRAMID

OHIO
IOWA
MAINE
NEW YORK
NEBRASKA
CALIFORNIA
NEW MEXICO
NORTH CAROLINA
RHODE ISLAND
NEW HAMPSHIRE
PENNSYLVANIA
MASSACHUSETTS

Ring! ring the bells
Over mountain and moor;
The Rag-Baby is buried
To rise nevermore!

The Prohibitionists Read Their Doom and See Their Mistake.

STROKES OF LIGHTNING FROM ALL PARTS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The following telegrams have been received at this office up to 10:30 to-day (Wednesday Nov. 3rd).

PHILADELPHIA.—Republican majority in this city is 17,352. George Handy Smith, Rep., elected Senator from the first district by 1682 majority.

LEBANON Co—Democratic majority 1200; Republican gain 167.

LEHIGH Co—Democratic majority 2,100; Democratic gain 274.

LYCOMING Co—Democratic majority 1000.

MERCER Co—Republican majority 750; Republican gain 270.

MIFFLIN Co—Democratic majority 220; Democratic gain 63.

MONTOUR Co—Democratic majority 250; Republican gain 33.

NORTHAMPTON Co—Democratic majority 3200; Democratic gain 230.

PIKE Co—Democratic majority 250; Democratic gain 49.

SCHUYLKILL Co—Democratic majority 1600; Republican gain 167.

SNYDER Co—Republican majority 400; Republican gain 75.

SOMERSET Co — Republican majority 1000; Republican gain 290.

SUSQUEHANNA Co—Republican majority 700.

TIOGA Co—Republican majority 2,350; Republican gain 434.

YORK Co—Democratic majority 3000; Republican gain 280.

ERIE Co—Republican majority 2000; Republican gain of 1535, showing that we're Rawle right in the cradle where the rag baby was born.

NORTHUMBERLAND Co — Democratic majority 300; this is a Republican gain.

BLAIR Co—Republican majority 700; Republican gain 700.

ALLEGHENY Co—Republican majority 5,000; Republican gain of 7,200.

CLINTON Co—Democratic majority 850 on State ticket, but the Republicans elect a Republican County Treasurer, "DUNN" by a handsome majority.

CENTRE COUNTY MIXED.

Returns from all parts of Centre county show that the vote is tremendously hashed. The Democrats elect their county ticket by less than their usual majority. The Junior Sons of '76 spent their force, but did not spill any blood. Their leaders, and the Prohibitionists leaders, by a series of blunders from beginning to end, fooled their own followers, and damaged nobody but the Democratic party. Brown, the Webbs, and balance of the temperance stool pigeons are turned out to-day, and may starve for all the aid they will henceforth receive from their masters. Returns from the various townships as far as heard from are as follows:

BELLEFONTE—NORTH WARD.

Governor—Pershing 97; Hartranft 128; Browne 23. Treasurer — Piollet 94; Rawle 130; Pennypacker 23. Senate—Boyer 83; Christ 148. Sheriff—Munson 87; Glenn 143; Alexander 18. Treasurer—Musser 75; Bayard 161; Courter 9. Prothonotary—Williams 138; Snyder 102 Campbell 7. Register—Burchfield 75; Lehr 140; Stine 13. Recorder—Tobias 94; Neal 141; Proudfoot; 10. Commissioners—Mingle 88, Hall 98; Gregg 156, Rogers 135; Bartholomew 11; Robert Glenn 10. Coroner—Adams 85; Dorworth 160; Russell 0. Auditors—Griest 91, Gilliland 92; Curtin 145, McFarlane 145; Hess 10, Cronoble 12.

BELLEFONTE—SOUTH WARD.

Governor—Pershing 122; Hartranft 84; Browne 18. Treasurer — Piollet 123; Rawle 85; Pennypacker 17. Senate—Boyer 101; Christ 89. Sheriff—Munson 111; Glenn 94; Alexander 17. Treasurer — Musser 86; Bayard 122; Courter 13. Prothonotary — Williams 132; Snyder 77; Campbell 9. Register—Burchfield 116; Lehr 91; Stine 14. Recorder—Tobias 124; Neal 87; Proudfoot 10. Commissioners—Mingle 110, Hall 113; Gregg 103, Rogers 87; Bartholomew 14, Glenn 14. Coronor—Adams 108; Dorworth 112. Auditors—Griest 114, Gilliland 114; Curtin 94, McFarlane 95; Hess 14, Cronoble 15.

BELLEFONTE—WEST WARD

Governor—Pershing 59; Hartranft 55; Browne 6. Treasurer—Piollett 58; Rawle 50; Pennypacker 7. Senate—Boyer 49; Christ 55. Sheriff—Munson 49; Glenn 59; Alexander 6. Treasurer—Musser 29; Bayard 88; Courter 3. Prothonotary—Williams 62; Snyder 46; Campbell 6. Register—Burchfield 56; Lehr 51; Stine 7. Recorder—Tobias 56; Neal 52; Proudfoot 7. Commissioners—Mingle 57, Hall 52; Gregg 57, Rogers 52; Bartholomew 7, Robert Glenn 6. Coroner—Adams 53; Dorworth 62; Russell 0. Auditors—Griest 54, Gilliland 54; Curtin 53, McFarlane 54; Hess 6, Cronoble 8.

POTTER TOWNSHIP.

Governor—Pershing 291; Browne 5; Hartranft 102. Treasurer—Piollett 255; Pennypacker 9; Rawle 108. State Senate—Boyer 285; Christ 110. Sheriff—Munson 255; Alexander 1; Glenn 136. Treasurer—Musser 245; Carter 2; Bayard 135. Prothonotary—Williams 291; Snyder 107. Register—Burchfield 294; Lehr 104. Recorder—Tobias 285; Neal 109. Commissioners—Mingle 301, Hall 173; Glenn 1; Gregg 220, Rogers 16. Coroner—Adams 288; Dorworth 110. Auditors—Greist 289, Gilliland 290; Curtin 108, McFarlane 109.

TAYLOR TOWNSHIP—Hartranft 60; Rawle 60. Pershing 45; Piollett 45. Christ 61; Boyer 41. Glenn 59; Munson 46. Bayard 61; Musser 46. Snyder 61; Williams 46. Lehr 65; Burchfield 41. Neal 61; Tobias 45. Gregg 61; Mingle 45. Rogers 61; Hall 45. Dorworth 61; Adams 45. Curtin 61; Greist 45. McFarlane 61; Gilliland 45

MARION—Pershing's majority 51.
LIBERTY—Hartranft's majority 53.
HARRIS—Hartranft's majority 25.
GREGG—Pershing's majority 163.
HALF MOON—Pershing's majority 4.
PATTON—Pershing's majority 12.
FERGUSON—Pershing's majority 102.
PENN—Pershing's majority 222.
WALKER—Pershing's majority 125.
MILESBURG BOROUGH—Hartranft 39; Pershing 49; Browne 41.
HUSTON—Hartranft 71; Pershing 28; Browne 22.
BOGGS—Hartranft 93; Pershing 124; Browne 86.
SNOW SHOE—Hartranft 63; Pershing 86; Browne 27.
HOWARD—Hartranft 59; Pershing 65; Browne 17.
HOWARD BOROUGH—Hartranft 23; Pershing 41; Browne 14.
UNION—Hartranft 53; Pershing 63; Browne 46.
MARION—Pershing's majority 51.
RUSH—Pershings majority 108.
PHILIPSBURG—Hartranft's majority 24;
SPRING—Pershing's majority 33;
BENNER—Pershing's majority 87;
CURTIN—Pershing's majority 22.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

Poetry.

The Last Look.

The following touching and beautiful poem is from the pen of Edwin W. Fuller, of Louisburg, N. C., the author of "The Angel in the Cloud," "Sea Gift," etc. It was written upon the death of his little daughter, and is dedicated to his wife:

Do not fasten the lid of the coffin yet,
Let me have a long look at the face of my pet,
Please all quit the chamber, and pull to the door,
And leave me alone with my darling once more.

Is this little Ethel, so cold and so still?
Beat, beat, breaking heart, against God's mystic will;
Remember, oh, Christ, Thou didst dread Thine own cup,
And while I drink mine let Thine arm bear me up.

But the moments are fleeting, I must stamp on my brain
Each dear little feature, for never again
Can I touch her, and only God measures how much
Affliction a mother conveys by her touch.

Oh! dear little head; oh! dear little hair;
So silken, so golden, so soft and so fair;
Will I never more smooth it, oh! help me, my God,
To bear this last stroke of the chastening rod.

These bright little eyes that used to feign sleep,
Or sparkle so merrily, playing at peep,
Closed forever; and yet they seemed closed with a sigh,
As if for our sakes she regretted to die.

And that dear little mouth, so warm and so soft,
Always willing to kiss you, no matter how oft,
Cold and rigid, without the least tremor or breath;
How could you claim Ethel, oh! pittiless Death!

Her hands—no, 'twill kill me to think how they wove
Through my daily existence a tissue of love;
Each finger a print on memory's page,
That will brighten, thank God, and not fade with my age.

Sick or well, they were ready at every request
To amuse us. Sweet hands they deserve a sweet rest;
Their last little trick was to wipe "Bopeep's" eye,
Their last little gesture to wave us good bye.

Little feet, little feet, how dark the heart's gloom
Where your patter is hushed in that desolate room;
For oh! 'twas a sight sweet beyond all compare
To see little "Frisky" rock back in her chair.

Oh! Father, have mercy, and give me Thy grace,
To see through this frowning the smile on Thy face;
To feel that this sorrow is sent for the best,
And to learn my from darling a lesson of rest.

Two Pictures.

BEFORE MARRIAGE.

My Maggie, my beautiful darling,
Creep into my arms, my sweet.
Let me fold you again to my bosom,
So close I can hear your heart beat.
What! these little fingers been sewing?
One's pricked by the needle, I see.
These hands shall be kept free from labor
When once they are given to me.

All mine, little pet, I will shield you
From trouble and labor and care,
I will robe you like some fairy princess,
And jewels shall gleam in your hair;
These slippers you gave me are perfect,
That dressing gown fits to a T;
My darling, I wonder that heaven
Should give such a treasure to me.

Eight—nine—ten—eleven! my precious,
Time flies so when I am with you,
It seems but a moment I've been here,
And now, must I say it? Adieu.

AFTER MARRIAGE.

Oh, Meg, you are heavy—I'm tired;
Go sit in the rocker, I pray;
Your weight seems a hundred and ninty
When you plump down in that sort of way.
You had better be mending my coat sleve,
I've spoken about it before—
And I want to finish this novel,
And look over this bill from the store.

This dressing gown sets like the d—l;
These slippers run down at the heel;
Strange nothing can never look decent;
I wish you could know how they feel.
What's this bill from Morgan's? Why, surely,
It's not for another new dress?
Look here! I'll be bankrupt ere New Year,
Or your store bills will have to grow less.

Eight o'clock! Meg, sew on this button
As soon as you finish that sleeve;
Heigh-ho! I am deucedly sleepy,
I'll pile off to bed, I believe.

Our Story Teller.

Fortune's Caprices.

John Mallory was returning from his day's work, with a spade over his shoulder, when he saw a woman sitting close to the wall weeping bitterly.

John had a kind heart, and was easily moved at the sight of distress, so he stopped and addressed the woman.

"You seem to be in trouble"—that was what he said. The mourner lifted her face, and he saw that she was a very young woman, scarcely more than a girl in fact. But this did not lessen his pity at all; possibly it increased it, for his heart was human as well as kind.

"Trouble?" Ah, yes; I have come such a long way, and am so fatigued—so much weary! I went to the people's doors, but no one said anything only, 'Go 'way!' We have no room for strangers. Go to the hotel, why do you not?

"So I went to the hotel, but the landlord was worse than all the rest. Oh! how he frightened me, he was so fierce, so loud! He called me a tramp—a thief because he found I had no money. No money, yes, that was it; and he bade me go about my business; but I have no business, and so I came out in the woods to die alone."

"Cheer up, then, if that is all," said John "and come with me. My mother won't drive you from her door, you may be sure."

And John spoke truly, for his mother's heart was like his own. She only needed to know that the girl was a stranger and in distress, to give her a cordial welcome.

"Take off your things, my dear," said she, removing the girl's shawl with her own hands, "and sit here by the fire. How you shiver, poor child! You're chilled to the bone."

"You are so kind—so very kind!" said the visitor, taking the rocking-chair offered her, and then John saw she was not only young, but singularly beautiful, though thin and pale, as if from recent illness.

"You're out of health. You're not fit to be abroad," said Mrs. Mallory. "How your mother would feel to see you looking so!"

"Alas, I have no mother!" said the girl, and her tears began to flow afresh. "I will tell your my story."

"There, there, I'm sorry I said it—I'm such a blunderer! Never mind the story now, but after supper, when you are warm and comfortable, you will tell us all about yourself, that is, all you wish to tell."

So, when the three had eaten their evening meal, and Mrs. Mallory had cleared away the table and had taken out her knitting work, the young girl told the story.

She said her name was Estelle LeRoy; that her father was a French refugee; but she herself was born in Canada, some years after he had left his native country, he having married a Canadian. After the death of her mother, he had come to Boston, hoping to be able to support himself and her by teaching his own language; but just as he had found a situation which promised to be permanent, he became very ill; in fact, the climate of this country had never agreed with him, and he was always mourning for "labelle France." He was sick a long time, and when he died he left her penniless.

Of her relatives in France she knew nothing; and although since her father's death she had written more than once to her mother's friends in Canada, no letters had been received in return. She believed she could get there, and that was now her aim. What had she suffered since she left Boston, she could "never, never tell."

"It's all over now, my dear," said Mrs. Mallory, "so try to forget it, and just try to make yourself contented with us till you are better able to travel than you are now."

For a whole week Estelle stayed with the Mallory's, gaining in health and beauty every day, and developing a careless lightness of spirit greatly in contrast with her first depression.

That John was not insensible to her attractions, may well be imagined, and what the consequences might have been, I cannot tell, if his heart had not already been preoccupied. That being the case, there was no room there for the fair stranger, save by way of friendship by bringing Mary, his betrothed, to see her.

Curious it was to see the two together—Mary, the staid New England girl, with her rosy cheeks, her calm, blue eyes and yellow hair, plain dress, and steady Northern tongue; and Estelle with her olive skin, her hair and eyes as dark as night, her fanciful, idiomatic speech, and her airy figure which gave grace even to the worn garments which clothed it. It was the brown thrush and the yellow canary bird sitting side by side on the apple tree bough.

Still they got on well together, these two—and kissed each other when they parted. But when Estelle parted from Mrs. Mallory, she hung on her neck as if it had been her own dear mother she was leaving.

John saw her safely on her journey, and when he took her hand to say farewell, he left in it a sum sufficient for her necessary expenses.

"I sha'l not forget you, ever—no, not till my dying day comes," said Estelle, with tears in her eyes. "The good God bless you for your kindness to the poor stranger—you and the dear mother and the pretty Marie."

In a few weeks the Mallorys received a letter from Estelle saying that she had reached her journeys's end in safety, and was among friends. It was the only letter they ever received from her.

In course of time John and Mary were married, and settled down on the Mallory farm, and there, for the present, we will leave them.

One day a handsome traveling carriage drew up before the door of a hotel in a quiet New England village. It was an event in the history of that hotel, for never had such an establishment been seen there before. Out came the two hostlers, out came the stable boys, out came the bar-keeper, and lastly, out came the landlord himself.

A gentleman alighted from the carriage, and was followed by a beautiful, richly-dressed lady. Bobbing his bare head, and waving aside his subordinates, the obsequious landlord led the way to the parlor, took the orders of his distinguished guests, and communicated them to his servants. Then there was an opening and shutting of doors, a ringing of bells, a rushing to and fro—in short, a tumult as if the queen had come.

When the travelers were left to themselves, the lady broke into a merry laugh. "O, it is too droll, Sir Edward; it is the same landlord who fifteen years ago bade me begone for a thief and a tramp."

"The villain! I should like to lay my cane over his back," said Sir Edward.

"It is'n worth while—such an insignificant back," said the lady, "only don't take on airs, thinking all this attention is for us. It is only for our carriage and horses, and our clothes."

By and by, the landlord, having made some further errand to the parlor, the lady, who was sitting by the window, remarked:

"You have a pleasant little village here."

"As pleasant and thriving a village as any in the country," answered the landlord.

"Do you know if there is a family by the name of Mallory living here?" asked she.

"There's a farmer by that name ma'am. Mr. John Mallory—if it's him you mean."

"The same no doubt. He's living then—and his mother?"

"She died some six years ago, ma'am, and it's well, perhaps, considering the misfortune that's come to the family."

"Misfortune?"

"Then you don't know," said the landlord, delighted to have some intelligence to communicate, but marveling much that this great lady could feel an interest in the Mallory family. "Well, its a great misfortune, and the worst of it is, it was all his own fault. If people will be so foolish, they must take the consequence. There wasn't a more prosperous man in town than John Mallory, and his property being mostly in real estate, there was no reason why he shouldn't keep it always, and his children after him, for real estate doesn't take to itself wings and fly away, as other riches does. But what does John do but sign a note for a friend, and now he's lost everything."

"Everything?"

"Everything; just turned himself and family out of house and home. That is to say, they'll have to go; there's no help for it."

"He's at the old place now, is he?"

"He is, ma'am; but he won't be long; the sale takes place to-day."

"Thanks," said the lady; and then, as if to herself, "Poor John! so like him."

"You knew him?" queried the landlord.

"He showed me great kindness once, fifteen years ago. I was here also at that time. Do you remember it?"

"It is very strange, but really, ma'am it has escaped my recollection."

"Quite likely. It was before my marraige." And with this the landlord was forced to be satisfied.

The sale was over and John Mallory was wandering from room to room, taking a mute farewell of the house which he could no longer call his own, when his little daughter came to say that a lady was in the parlor who had asked to see him.

"Very well," said he, supposing it to be some neighbor wishing to see him on a trifling matter of business; but when he opened the door a stranger stood before him.

She greeted him courteously, and then said, without any circumlocution:

"I am the purchaser of your farm and I have brought the deed, that you may see if it is all right.

He took it listlessly enough, but as he glanced over it his countenence changed.

"I don't understand," said he, and no wonder, for the deed was made out in his own name.

"So you, too, have forgotten me, as well as the big landlord up there; but may be you remember that," and she held out a queer little purse of netted silk.

John Mallory fixed his startled gaze upon her face, and something in the lustrous eye, the smiling mouth, touched a long silent chord of memory. She saw it, and answering his look, said:

"Yes, I am Estelle LeRoy, and the same Providence which sent you to me in my despair has sent me to you in your time of sorrow. No thanks, John Mallory. I do no more than requite your kindness to me, and hardly that; so keep the deed, I pray you. But, the purse, with that I will never part."

She then told him that within two or three years after returning to Canada, she had married an Englishman of rank, and had been in Europe most of her time since; but that, being now on a tour through "the States," they had come out of their way to visit those who had befriended her in her need.

"The dear mother is gone, I heard, but the pretty Marie, is she well?"

"My wife is well, and will come herself and thank you for your great kindness."

"Not to-night, not to-night; but to-morrow Sir Edward will come with me, and we will talk it over—the past and the present. He knows it all and he will say the thanks that are due from ourselves, not from you."

And in this she proved a true prophet.

Mrs. Jones' Elopement.

Mr. Jones came home that afternoon feeling cross and tired. Business had been dull, and the clerks had been provoking. When he fell out of sorts, as he did that day, a nice supper and his wife's company were the best antidotes he knew of, and he hoped to have them effect a cure in this case, as they often had in other instances.

But Mrs. Jones was out, the girl said. She had been busy all the afternoon in her room; she didn't know what she was doing. About an hour ago she had put on her bonnet and gone out, and charged me to tell her husband, when he came home, that she should not be back until late in the evening. "Gone out on particular business, she said," added Bridget.

"On particular business," growled Jones. "I'd like to know what particular business she has. I should say it was a wife's business to stay at home. She knew, of course, that I was coming home completely tired out, but that doesn't interfere with her pleasure in the least. She can enjoy herself just the same—probably all the more—because I am out of the way. I wish I knew where she's gone."

He went up to her room to see if she had worn some of her best clothes.

"Because, if she has," reasoned Mr. Jones, "she's gone off to have a good time with some one she cares more for than she does for me."

Mr. Jones' brow was black as any thunder cloud at the thought. He was in precisely the right frame of mind to make mountains out of mole-hills.

But she hadn't worn any of her new dresses.

"It can't be she's going to a party, then," concluded Mr. Jones, "or she'd have rigged up more. It must be she's going somewhere else and wants to keep dark. It begins to look mysterious. A woman don't generally go off in this way without saying something to her husband, and wear her old clothes, without its meaning something, I've observed," said Mr. Jones, solemnly, to the Mr. Jones in the glass. "I'd like to know what it all does mean, anyhow."

It was just at this juncture that Mr. Jones discovered a letter on Mrs. Jones' writing desk. It was a freshly written page, beginning:

"DEAR EDWARD."

Mr. Jones' hair raised on end when his eagle eye caught the sight of that name. What awful thing had he discovered? Could it be that his wife was in the habit of writing letters to gentlemen? Perhaps she had gone out to meet one now.

He read the letter through without stopping to take breath from beginning to end.

It read as follows:

DEAR EDWARD:—I have read your touching appeal over and and over, until every word of it is stamped upon my heart. It has caused me to fight a terrible battle with myself. I love you, and there is no use for me to deny it. I cannot deceive myself nor you by so doing. But my duty is to stay with my husband. I loathe him—I despise him; he is a tyrant—but he is my husband, and, as such, I suppose he has a claim upon me in the eyes of the world that you have not. But, my darling, I love you, and I have come to the conclusion to cast my lot with yours. I will do as you wish me to; I will meet you at the oak tree to-night at ten o'clock. I hope I shall—

And here at the bottom of the page the letter broke off very abruptly. The other side of the page blank.

"Great Jehosophat!" That was the awful word that broke from Mr. Jones' lips when he had finished reading. It was the nearest to swearing of any word he indulged in. If ever he felt justified in using it he did now. His face was a sight to behold. It was full of anger and surprise, and complete bewilderment.

"She loves him, does she?" he ejaculated, faintly. "And I am a tyrant, am I? The wretched creature? She loathes me, and despises me, does she? I'll show her a thing or two. Let me see—ten o'clock, and I'll learn your 'Dear Edward' something he won't forget. I'll go out this blessed minute and get a couple of officers, and we'll wait for you. I fancy we'll surprise you a little. Great Jehosophat! and she's been actually deceiving me all the time, and letting some other man talk love to her, and coax her to elope with him! I can't believe it, and yet can't doubt it, for here it is in her own handwriting, I wouldn't have believed it if I hadn't seen it in black and white. Dear me! I wonder if I can bear up under the awful blow? What will folks say? I shall be ashamed to meet anybody. It's awful—awful!" and Mr. Jones wiped his face with his handkerchief and looked the complete picture of grief.

Mr. Jones was so "struck all of a heap," to use his own expression, by the terrible intelligence that he didn't stop to reason over the matter. He never once thought that "dear Edward" couldn't by any possibility have received this letter, since it hadn't been sent. He only realized that she was going to meet her lover at ten o'clock.

"I'll be there, my lady," said Mr. Jones, significantly, putting on his overcoat preparatory to setting out in search of the proper officers. "I'll be there and I'll give your "Dear Edward" something he didn't bargain for. I'll "Dear Edward" him!"

About nine o'clock Mr. Jones and a couple of officers came up the road stealthily and secreted themselves behind a clump of bushes near the place where the two main roads crossed each other.

"Now you mind what I say," said Mr. Jones. "I'll go for him, and you keep out of the way till I'm done with him. I'll make him wish he'd never thought of such a thing as making love to other men's wives, see if I don't. I'll pommel him! I'll trounce him within an inch of his life, the contemptible puppy!" and Mr. Jones struck out right and left at his visionary rival in a way that made the officers titter.

They waited and waited and kept waiting. The ten o'clock train came in, whistling shrilly. And still no sign of either man or woman for whom they were waiting.

Presently Mr. Jones bade them listen; he heard steps down the road.

The night was dark, and they could not see a rod off. But he was right in thinking he heard steps. Some one was coming.

"It's him, curse him," muttered Mr. Jones. Now you lay low, and mind what I say. Don't come till I tell you to. I dare say I shall half kill him, but you keep off, and I'll take the consequences if I do kill him completely Great Jehosophat! I just yearn to get my hands on the wretch."

"He's close by now," whispered one of the men.

"I see him," answered Mr. Jones, in an awful whisper. "Here, hold my hat. I'm going for him, and may the Lord have mercy upon his soul!"

Accordingly, Mr. Jones "went for him." He made a rush at the tall, black figure coming leisurely up the road. He gave it a punch in the stomach with one fist, snorting like a wild bull. He was too excited to talk intelligibly at first. The unsuspecting recipient of such extraordinary greeting seemed half inclined to run at first, but, on second thought, seemed to think better of it and turned upon his assailant.

"Take that, and that, and that!" cried Mr. Jones, who had got so he could utter words a trifle more coherently by this time, dealing blows right and left. "Run away with my wife, will you? You old villain, I'll learn you to swoop round the Jones family trying to break it up. Take that—and that! and—oh, great Jehosophat!"

Mr. Jones' tune suddenly changed; the victim of a husband's righteous wrath had brought his cane to bear upon his foe and was doing good work with it.

"Smith—Dobson! help! help!" shrieked Jones, as the cane fell upon his head and shoulders in unmerciful blows. "Murder! help!"

The officers came to his assistance, and succeeded in securing the stranger.

"I'd like to know what this means?" he demanded. "I supposed this neighborhood was respectable, but I should think you've all gone crazy, or else turned highway robbers."

"We'll let you know what it means," cried Jones. "I don't believe you will want to run away with Samuel Jones' wife again."

"Is that you, Samuel Jones? asked the prisoner, I thought your voice sounded kind of familiar before, but you blowed so I couldn't make it out. Are you insane or idiotic—or what?"

"Lord bless me, if you ain't Uncle Joshua!" said Mr. Jones, faintly. He felt small enough just then to crawl through a knot-hole. I'm awful sorry that this has happened, but I couldn't help it. I didn't know it was you. You see Amelia's fell in love with some fellow and I came across a letter this afternoon that she had written to him, saying they'd meet here at ten o'clock, and I got these men to help me and we waited for him, and I thought you were the man!"

"Fell in love with another man and promised to meet him here at ten o'clock?"

Stuff and nonsense!" exclaimed Uncle Joshua, indignantly. You were always the biggest fool! You're crazy!"

"But I tell you I saw her own letter," exclaimed Mr. Jones, "I ain't crazy now, but I shouldn't wonder if I was before long."

"You've lost all the sense you used to have, and that wasn't enough to brag of," said Uncle Joshua, rather uncomplimentary. Come along to the house and we'll ask Amelia what it means."

Uncle Joshua led the way, with a pain in his stomach, caused by Mr. Jones' energetic attempt to teach his supposed rival not to meddle with the Jones family, and Mr. Jones followed his wake with a sore head and a very black eye.

There was a light in the sitting room. Mrs. Jones was there.

"See here, Amelia," exclaimed Uncle Joshua, bursting in like a thunder storm, "you're fool of a husband says you've fell in love with some one, and that you wrote him a letter saying you'd meet him at ten o'clock to night and run away with him, and he says he's seen the letter. Now I don't believe a word of it, but I'd like to have you explain, if you can."

"I never wrote any such thing," declared Mrs. Jones, indignantly.

"You did!" exclaimed Mr. Jones, "It's no use for you to lie about it, Amelia. You've broke my heart, and you did write that letter. I found it on your desk, and here it is. It begins—"Dear Edward."

"Oho, I know all about it now," cried Mrs. Jones, beginning to laugh; "O dear me! You see, Laura Wade and I agreed to write a story, and I have got mine half done, and went over to read it to her this afternoon, and when I got there found that I'd lost a page of it. I must have left it on my desk. It was about a woman who was going to elope—my story was—and she wrote that she would go with her lover, and then, when she thought it all over, concluded to stay a home and do her duty. The page that was missing was the one that had the letter on it that she wrote to her lover. You found it, and thought I was going to run away! O dear, I never heard of anything so funny! O dear me! and Mrs. Jones laughed until the tears ran down her cheeks.

"I can't see anything very funny about it," said Mr. Jones, feeling rather sheepish. "How was I to know you were writing stories? You've no business to spend your time in that way."

"That's so," growled Uncle Joshua, whose stomach began to feel sore and bruised "you're a fool for writing stories, and Jones is a fool anyway!"

Which was poor consolation for Jones. The story of the whole affair leaked out, and he will never hear the last of Mrs. Jones" elopement.

Why Women are Weak.

When we consider what an intricate system of defiance to all known physiological laws a woman's dress has become; the tender age at which this defiance begins, and the relentless pressure of it upon the formative and the recuperative energies of the constitution; the murderous thinness and scantiness of her underdress; the effect of the absence of flannels, and the custom of baring the neck and arms, upon sensitive tissues of the lungs and heart; the check to all even circulation of the blood and healthy condition of the skin inflicted by the imperfect and compressed covering of her feet and hands; the unhealthy heat of the head, consequent on the manner in which custom requires her to collect her hair into a wad of padding at the base of her brain; the clasp of a rack of steel and whalebone about all the vital organs of the body; the straight jacket snap with which the seams of her dress meet about her shoulders, arms and chest; the result inevitable upon making the hips the pivot upon which her heavy clothing is hung, and the fulcrum upon which all the motion of her body must swing in walking—if, indeed, we apply that term to the infantine toddle with which women are driven to get about the world; above all, the unreasonable and cruel custom which compels her to drop heavy skirts about her lower limbs and feet, thus endangering her life on all occasions, her health on any but a warm dry summer day, and her self-reliance forever; when we consider the extent to which the common occupations of a woman deprive her of the open air, exercise, of change of scene, of acquaintance with the world; of the extent to which they are adapted to produce all the varieties of sedentary disease; when we consider the unlimited influence of the mind upon the body, of happiness upon health and the brooding morbidness and acute suffering which the lives of women so largely induce in them—shall we find it a matter of surprise that women as a race are diseased and feeble, and are bestowing upon the world a future legacy of diseased and feeble children? Shall we wrap this ruined creature away in a shawl to die, and say, with sorrowful assurance: Behold woman "as God made her?"

Woman as God made her! As man and the devil and, her own cowardice have made her! God never made such woman as are cradling the next generation in this land to-day. Side by side with "female illiterance," female feebleness is running a race among us. Neglected brains and tortured bodies are working their own way upon our actual and possible mothers. Thoughtful physicians are perplexed and alarmed. We are a beautiful, useful and elevated order of animals; the world has done the right thing by us, it has stalled and fed us; who can complain?—*Elizabeth Stuart Phelps.*

Why Some People are Poor.

Silver spoons are used to scrape kettles.

Coffee, tea, pepper and spices are left to stand open and lose their strength.

potatoes in the cellar grow, and the sprouts are not removed until the potatoes are worthless.

Brooms are never hung up and are soon spoiled.

Nice handled knives are put into hot water.

The flour is sifted in a wasteful manner, and the bread pan is left with the dough sticking to it.

Clothes are left on the line to whip to pieces in the wind.

Tubs and barrels are left in the sun to dry and fall apart.

Dried fruits are not taken care of in season and become wormy.

Rags, strings and paper are thrown into the fire.

Pork spoils for want of salt, and beef because the brine wants scalding.

Bits of meat, vegetables, and cold puddings, are thrown away, when they might be warmed, steamed, and served as good as new.

Do you remember an old piece, "The Will of the Still," printed so many times over in the old "readers?" That piece, less than a page in length, made a literary reputation for a man in college, who has scarcely published anything since he left it. John Russell, the author, has for forty-six years been postmaster of Bluffdale, Ill., and still holds that office.

Pearls.

The religion that is always searching for "a hope" is a hopeless religion.

Better be honorable and be despised than to be despicable and be honored.

Manners may exist without morals, but morals never should be without manners.

Truth is the shortest and nearest way to our end, carrying us thither in a straight line.

A great nature reveals itself less by its escapes than its recoveries, as sickness shows the native constitution.

If you have been tempted into evil, fly from it. It is not falling into the water, but flying into it that drowns.

Men are often accused of pride because their accusers would be proud if they themselves were in their places.

Some people look upon truth as an invalid who can only take the air in a close carriage, with a gentleman in a black coat on the box.

They who most weary of life, and yet who are most unwilling to die, are such as have lived to no purpose—who hove rather breathed than lived.

It is never too late with us so long as we are still aware of our faults, and bear them impatiently—so long as aspirations, eager for conquest, stir within us.

It is a high, solemn, almost awful thought for every individual, that his earthly influence, which has a commencement here, will never, through all the ages, were he the very meanest of us all, have an end.

There is no better way, no safer way, no surer way of saving children from the acquisition of vicious and hurtful practices, than to make home attractive.

It Was Not the Old Kind.

"And what ails you?" asked his honor of the first man out.

"Weakness," was the mild reply.

"How?"

"Can't stand up under a pint of whiskey as I could when I left the army."

"Don't try any jokes on me, old relic of gory battle fields," continued the court.

"You were in the army, eh?"

"Five years."

"Did you go as a sutler or a Colonel?"

"Sutlers didn't get them off, did they?" asked the vet, as he held up a hand minus three fingers, "nor bullets in the shoulder, nor sabre cuts on the head? No, sir; I fit—waded right for the jaws of death!"

"And now you wade for the jaws of demijohns and decanters?"

"I got drunk," answered the soldier, "but it was a mean, sneaking drunk—none o' the old sort we had during wartime. I'm kinder sorry, but I'm going to stand by the colors and take sentence."

"Your nose is red, your eyes bleary, your voice way down in your knee-pans, Charles Hildreth," said the court, "and it is evident to me that whisky is killing you. Still I'll try you once. It isn't the right way to attempt the conquest of the world by carrying your battle flag on your nose, but there is one chance in a million for you to reform. 'Bout face, forward—guide right—march!"

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BELLEFONTE, PA.

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WILKESBARRE BALTIMORE COAL CO'S MINES,

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Also, SHAMOKIN ANTHRACITE COAL.

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WOOD or COAL BURNT,

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RIFLE, SPORTING and BLASTING POWDER constantly on hand, which is sold in large or small quantities.

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NO. 5 BROCKERHOFF ROW

J & J. HARRIS,

SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICE

All sorts of

Forks,

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will find it to their advantage to call and examine our stock.

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Waggons, Carts, &c.

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NOTICE—We will sell to responsible men on three months credit. Will take off 5 per cent for cash, which is equal to 20 per cent. per annum. It will pay the purchaser to borrow at 10 from other parties, if he can save 20 in buying from us. In this way we can turn our money and sell lower.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD—PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R. DIVISION, connection with BALD EAGLE VALLEY R. R

SUMMER TIME TABLE.

On and after SUNDAY, MAY 23, 1875, the Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Rail Road Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

FAST LINE leaves New York			9 25 a. m
" "	Philadelphia		12. 55 p. m
" "	Baltimore		1. 29 p. m
" "	Harrisb'g		5.00 p. m
" "	arr. at Williamsp't		8. 55 p. m
" "	Lock Haven		10.20 p. m
" " "	Bellefonte		11.50 p. m
ERIE MAIL leaves New York			8.25 p. m
" "	Philadelphia		11.55 p. m
" "	Baltimore		11.55 p. m
" "	Harrisburg		4.25 a. m
" "	Williamsport		8.35 a. m
" "	Lock Haven		9.45 a. m
" "	Renovo		11.05 a. m
" "	arr. at Erie		7.50 p. m
NIAGARA EXPRESS leaves Philada			7.40 a. m
" " "	Baltimore		7.35 a. m
" " "	Harrisb'g		10.55 a. m
" "	arr. at Williamsp't		1.55 p. m
" " "	Lock Haven		3.15 p. m
" " "	Renovo		4.30 p. m
" " "	Bellefonte		4.38 p. m
ELMIRA MAIL leaves Philadelphia			6.00 a. m
" " "	Baltimore		8.30 a. m
" " "	Harrisburg		1.25 p. m
" " arr. at	Williamsport		6.10 p. m
" " "	Lock Haven		7.20 p. m

EASTWARD.

PHILA. EXPRESS leaves Lock Haven			6.40 a. m
" " "	Williamsp't		7.55 a. m
" " arr. at	Harrisb'g		11.45 a.
" " "	Baltimore		6.15 p
" " "	Philadelphia		3.35 p. m
" " "	New York		6.45 p. m
DAY EXPRESS leaves Bellefonte			8.19 a. m
" " "	Renovo		9.10 a. m
" " "	Lock Haven		10.25 a m
" " "	Williamsport		11.35 a m
" " arr at	Harrisburg		3.00 p m
" " "	Philadelphia		6.20 p
" " "	New York		9.15 p. m
" " "	Baltimore		6.35 p. m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie			11.20 a. m
" "	*Bellefonte		8.22 p. m
" "	Renovo		8.25 p. m
" "	Lock Haven		9.45 p. m
" "	Williamsp't		10.50 p. m
" arr. at	Harrisburg		2.25 a. m
" "	Baltimore		7.35 a. m
" "	Phila		6.45 a. m
" "	New York		10.10 a. m
FAST LINE leaves Williamsport			12.35 a m
" " arr at	Harrisburg		3.55 a m
" " "	Baltimore		7.35 a m
" " "	Philadelphia		7.35 a m
" " "	New York		10.25 a m

* The Bald Eagle Valley Express leaves Bellefonte at 8.22 p. m. and connects with Erie Mail at Lock Haven at 9.45 p. m.

Erie Mail west, Niagara Express west, Elmira west Mail and Day Express east make close connection at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail west, Niagara Express west and Elmira Mail west make close connection at Williamspost with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Erie Mail east and west, Niagara Express west, Fast Line west and Day Express east make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail east and west connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R., at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor Cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Express west, Fast Line west, Philadelphia Express east and Day Express east. Sleeping Cars on all night trains.
WM. A. BALDWIN,
Gen'l Sup.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY DIVISION.

STATIONS.	MLS.	Mail. A.M.	Exp. P.M
Leave Tyrone		8 30	6 45
East Tyrone	1	8 37	6 52
Bald Eagle	5	8 46	7 01
Hannah	10	8 58	7 15
Port Matilda	14	9 05	7 23
Martha	17	9 13	7 33
Julian	21	9 22	7 44
Unionville	26	9 33	7 56
Snow Shoe Intersection	29	9 41	8 05
Milesburg	31	9 45	8 10
Arrive Bellefonte	33	9 54	8 19
Leave Bellefonte	33	9 57	8 22
Milesburg	31	10 10	8 35
Curtin	34	10 22	8 45
Mount Eagle	37	10 29	8 52
Howard	40	10 38	9 02
Eagleville	44	10 52	9 18
Beech Creek	46	10 57	9 18
Mill Hall	51	11 12	9 32
Flemington	52	11 17	9 37
Arrive Lock Haven	53	11 22	9 42

RETURN.

Leave Lock Haven	0	9 55	3 15
Flemington	3	10 00	3 21
Mill Hall	4	10 04	3 25
Beech Creek	9	10 19	3 40
Eagleville	11	10 24	3 45
Howard	15	10 38	4 00
Mount Eagle	18	10 47	4 09
Curtin	21	10 54	4 15
Milesburg	24	11 05	4 25
Arrive Bellefonte	26	11 18	4 38
Leave Bellefonte	26	11 21	4 41
Milesburg	24	11 30	4 50
Snow Shoe Intersection	26	11 34	4 54
Unionville	29	11 45	5 04
Julian	34	11 57	5 15
Martha	36	12 08	5 26
Port Matilda	41	12 18	5 35
Hannah	45	12 28	5 44
Bald Eagle	50	12 43	5 58
Vail	52	12 48	6 03
East Tyrone	54	12 58	6 08
Arrive Tyrone	55	1 00	6 15

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.

Leave Bellefonte	8 10 A.M.	2 15 P.M
Arrive at Snow Shoe	10 40	5 35
Leave Snow Shoe	9 10	2 25
Arrive at Bellefonte	12 10 P.M.	5 10

The 9 10 from Snow Shoe intersects with the Bald Eagle Express, going west, at Snow Shoe Intesection.

The train leaving Snow Shoe at 2.25 intersects with the Bald Eagle mail west at Milesburg.
DANIEL RHOADS, Supt.

LEWISTOWN DIVISION.

MIFFLIN & CENTRE—EASTWARD.

	Accom. No. 1.	Accom. No. 2.	Accom. No. 3.
LEWISTOWN Ju.	6 50 a m	12 01 p m	4 10 p m
LEWISTOWN	7 10	12 07	4 16
Logan	7 25	12 16	4 24
Yeagertown P	7 33	12 21	4 28
Mann's P	7 44	12 28	4 35
Reedsville	7 52	12 33	4 39
Honey Creek P	8 10	12 44	4 49
Naginy P	8 26	12 50	4 55
MILROY, Arrive	8 50 a m	12 55 p m	5 00 p m

Returning leave Milroy at 8 50 a. m., 1 20 p. and 5 15 p.m; Reedsville at 9 11 a. m., 2 00 and 5 36 p. m., arriving at Lewistown at 9 50 a. m., 2 35 and 6 05 p. m.

The Mifflin and Centre and Sunbury and Lewistown connect at Lewistown with way passenger and fast lines west, and mail and Cincinnati express east; and at Sunbury with trains on Northern Central, Phila. & Erie, and Hazleton.
P. F. SMITH, Supt.

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IMPORTANT NOTICE.—There are large numbers of Deeds, or title papers, on file in the Recorder's office, the accumulation of years, which it may be much to the advantage of parties interested to repossess without delay. Indeed many of these papers are imperfect and incomplete, and so noted by the Recorder. All deeds, mortgages, etc., on file, upon which the State tax and Recorder's fees remain unpaid, ought to be, and must be, promptly attended to by the parties interested, to avoid the costs which will necessarily accrue, on further neglect.
I. I. GRENOBLE,
Recorder's Office, Recorder.
Bellefonte, July 21, 1875.

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

EDWARD T. TUTEN, EDITOR.

Terms: $2.00 Per Annum in Advance

OUR TERMS
FOR SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every WEDNESDAY MORNING, in Bellefonte Pa. by

EDWARD T. TUTEN,

the following rates.

One year in advance.....$2.00
If not paid within 6 months.....2.50
If not paid for until expiration of year..3.00

Papers discontinued to subscribers at the expiration of their terms of subscription, at the option of the publishers, unless otherwise agreed upon.

Papers will not be sent out of Centre county *unless paid for in advance.*

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cts. per line for each insertion, unless otherwise agreed upon, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial Notices in our local columns, 25 cts. per line for each insertion

Marriage or Death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices published free, subject to revision and condensation by the Editors.

Professional or Bussiness Cards, not exceeding lines this type, $8,00 per annum.

All Advertisements for a less term than three months, 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cts. a line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos	1 year.
Inch(12 lin'this type)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$12 00
Two inches.....	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches.....	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches.....	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column.....	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column.....	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column.....	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Job Work of every variety, such as Posters, Bill-heads, Letter-heads, Cards, Checks, Envelopes Paper-books, Programmes, Blanks, &c., &c., executed in the best style with promptness, and at the most reasonable rates.

Address all communications, relating to business, to EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor.
Bellefonte, Pa

READ! READ!! READ !!!

We have made arrangements with the following publishers so that we can furnish their publications with the REPUBLICAN at reduced rates, thus affording those who desire such books and papers, an opportunity to save from twenty to thirty per cent.

There is no postage to be paid by the subscriber, but no paper will be sent until the money is received at this office:

	Regular Price	Price with Republican
MONTHLY.		
Harper's Magazine,	$4.00	$5.25
Scribner's Monthly,	4.00	5.25
St. Nicholas,	3.00	4.50
Peter's Musical Monthly,	3.00	4.00
La Creme de la Creme,	4.00	5.00
Locke's National Monthly	1.00	2.50
American Farm Journal	1.00	2.50
Peterson's Journal	3.00	4.50
The Republic	2.00	3.60
Penn Monthly	3.00	3.75
Woods' Household Magazine	1.00	2.75
WEEKLY.		
Harper's Weekly,	4.00	5.25
Harper's Bazar,	4.00	5.25
Forney's Press,	2.00	3.60
Toledo Weekly Blade,	2.00	3.50
Scientific American	3.20	4.75
American Agriculturist	1.60	3.20
Cincinnati Weekly Times	2.00	3.65.

☞ We can furnish any weekly or monthly, publication in the United States at less than publisher's prices.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

"Two Different Gatherings Reviewed."

E. T. TUTEN, ESQ—A copy of your paper, dated Oct. 6, was handed to me several days ago, and my attention called to an editorial with the caption "Two Different Gatherings." I was at Bellefonte on the 21st and called upon you. You informed me that the article was furnished by the local editor, but for which you held yourself responsible.

As a large portion of it consists of base slanders, and low epithets about a Rev. Babcock, so presented as to leave no doubt that I am the person referred to; and, as my silence may be construed as a concession of the truth of its statements, I am compelled to notice it. I have not been in any haste to do so before election, as I have no partisan ends to further by this review.

I was not a little surprised that a gentleman of your repute in Bellefonte, would permit his journal to be defiled by such *stuff* as characterizes that article. I can see no excuse for such writing, as no cause, good or bad, is advanced by it. I was the more surprised at it, because it is an indirect reflection upon gentlemen of your place whose confidence I have enjoyed for three years, and by whom I have been introduced to your citizens on several occasions.

If you think the political course of men wrong or inexpedient, it is proper for you to say so; but it is neither proper nor right for you to traduce men, and slander them privately or through the press, but it is cowardly and mean. If it will serve your party, or you personally, any good purpose to look up my record, I will cheerfully give you all the facilities requisite to such a work.

The article in question charges that I and a Mrs. Deitrich, "did more injury to the cause of temperance than can be repaired for some time," but it nowhere states what the naughty things I did were. I think I appreciate the solicitude for "the cause of temperance" that the article professes, and shall be glad if it survives the chilling winds of November.

Mrs. Deitrich took no part in the convention proper so her part in the "more harm etc," must have been confined to the evening. I liked what she said, and thought she had right views of the question she was discussing, but I could not take credit for her utterances, nor charge myself or others with responsibility for them, because she had distinctly declared, that she alone was responsible for what she would say. The man who says "it is unmanly to censure a person of the opposite sex, however much of a fool she makes of herself," proves by that very sentence, his willingness to do an "unmanly" thing. But further on he says: "She did not say anything of any account, and really did nobody any harm but herself." This assurance will doubtless console the lady, if it does not justify the gentleman for making "much ado about nothing."

He has some slang about the State Temperance Union, and my relations to it; about a "rumor" that I am employed by the Democratic State Commit;" about the green-eyed piety of Judas;" and "his cloak does not hide the cloven foot;" about giving "a slap in the face of these good people, that should cause their blood to boil with righteous indignation;" and about "stealing the livery of heaven to serve the devil in" etc., etc., to all of which I have to say, it is too contemptible to merit a reply, and if the writer is not ashamed of it, he ought to be; for no gentleman should so lower himself anywhere, and especially in a public journal.

As to the "the two different gatherings," I understand that they were, as the article states, "two different temperance meetings." I am not aware that there was any attempt to "delude the country people into the idea that they were one, and the same affair." If there was, it must have been made by persons to whom any kind of temperance gathering is obnoxious just before an election.

I had nothing to do with the calling of either of the meetings. I was there as corresponding secretary of the State alliance, by invitation, to assist in the organization of that county. No one made an attempt to confound that convention with the meeting of the Centre County, Prohibition Committee, with which I had nothing whatever to do. I was not at at "the little side show performance" that assembled an hour earlier than the alliance on Tuesday afternoon, and neither knew of it nor its action until after the close of the evening services; though I should have been glad to have been there if that had been my object in going to Bellefonte at that time.

Let me add further: There was no attempt by any one to give either a partisan or political color to the proceedings of the alliance. There was nothing that leaned that way even, except the discussion of an article in the National Alliance constitution, which was prepared and printed months ago. The fear on the part of some that the alliance convention would be in the interest of the Prohibition party may have led your "local" to see some things that never existed outside of his fertile imagination.

But the thing which most concerns me in his article is the following:

"We have the word of a gentleman in this town, whose name we can furnish if necessary, that this same Babcock, a few years since, attempted to organize a prohibition ticket in Cambria county, at the time when the late Hon Sam Henry was a candidate for the State Legislature. Babcock had succeeded in awakening considerable interest among the temperance people of that community. Mr. Henry found that he could not afford to loose the temperance vote, and he sent for Babcock and *bought him off for one hundred dollars.*"

I have traced a story somewnat like the above to a Dr. Belford, who, I think, has a dental office in your town, but resides in Lewistown. I did not learn from you whether he was the gentleman (?) referred to.

I was at Lewistown on the 22nd and called upon Dr. Belford. The interview was private and not as mild and agreeable as it would have been had it been of a different nature. While he denied that *he* had made the statement in your paper, he claimed that some gentleman in Ebensburg had made such a statement to him, and he assumed to believe it true, but he would not give me their full names. He acted very much as men usually do when they are approached by men they have slandered.

This story of his, which he has retailed about your place, and others, I presume, for I have heard of it once before, has, like the serpent's story to Eve, some show of plausibility.

I came to this State from Nashua, New Hampshire, in Sept., 1871, and gave some thirty addresses. I was in the employ of the Ex. Com. of the Pro. party. My engagements were made by the Secretary of the Com. I spoke at Johnstown one evening, the only address I ever gave in that county, and was engaged to speak at Ebensburg, the county seat of Cambria, the next evening. My appointment for the next evening was at West Chester, forty miles from this city. As the trains run, it was not possible for me to speak at Ebensburg and reach my next point, unless I could get over from E., eleven miles, to Cresson, that night, so as to take the late express. The fast trains did not all stop there. I offered to speak and then ride over, if the friends would take me in a carraige after the lecture. The gentleman who had me in charge attempted to secure a team, but said he could not, and hence I took the evening train to Cresson, and the express to this city. The affair was all honorable and above board, and so far as the man I was with, and myself, were concerned, there was the best of feeling. There may or may not have been "considerble interest" in the meeting. I have never heard anything of it from them till this slander comes out about the *one hundred dollar* bribe. The Hon. Samuel Henry, I never saw nor heard of till I saw his name in your paper.

Whoever or whatever he was, the story is a slander, both as it relates to him and me; and if the gentleman whose word you have for it, be it Dr. Belford, or any one else, will father it so I can get at him, he shall be favored with the alternative of establishing the charge at my expense, or of having his word established at its *proper value* at his own expense.

Thanking you, not for the unwarranted assault upon my reputation and trespass upon my head, but for permission to answer for myself touching the things of which I have been accused in your paper, I am yours respectfully,

D. C. BABCOCK.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 28 1875.

SPRING MILLS, Oct. 25, 1875.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN.

Sir:—This evening I received a copy of the *Industrial Advocate*. I do not know by whom it was sent. If by some kind friend through pure motives, he certainly has my sincere thanks and best wishes in proportion as I value the paper, but that is not much. If sent by the publisher, W. W. Brown, he will please send no more, as I want nothing to do with him, as I would not know where to find him, on the Prohibition or the Democratic platform, or sitting astride of the Republican platform with one foot on either of the former.

AWAKE.

OUR ASSOCIATED PRESS LETTER.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3, 1875

OBJECTS OF INTEREST.

It occurs to me that I cannot write upon any subject, connected with our city, that will better entertain your readers, large and small, young and aged, than of its objects of public interest. We have here, Independence Hall, where the Declaration of Independence was first proclaimed; and Carpenter's Hall, where the Continental Congress first met. We have the Blind Asylum, and Institute for Deaf and Dumb Mutes; Girard College, the noblest charity ever bequeathed by an American citizen. We have our Public Ledger Building, which is doubtless the best appointed newspaper printing establishment on the American continent. We have a hundred other objects of interest, any one of which would form a subject for an entertaining letter, and all of which, if agreeable to you, shall receive consideration.

I will begin the series with a short description of our Zoological Garden, it being the youngest of all our many places of interest, and to my mind one of the most pleasing of all. The Gardens are located on the west bank of the Schuylkill river, about three-fourths of a mile above the breast of the dam which furnishes the power for supplying our city with twenty-five million gallons of water each day of the year, or 7,000,000,000 during the twelvemonth. To be more particular, they are located directly at the west end of Girard avenue bridge, the finest structure of the kind in this country.

The Garden was thrown open to the public on the first day of July, 1874, and up to july first of this year, was visited by 310,000 persons, a result unparalleled in the history of similar institutions. The zoological society has been largely aided in its efforts in obtaining choice specimens of rare animals, birds, reptiles, trees, plants and flowers, by the Navy Department of the United States requesting its officers at foreign stations to aid the society; by Congress passing an act that all beasts, birds and reptiles intended for the Zoological Garden at Philadelphia, should be entered free of duty; and by liberal pecuniary donations from a number of our big-hearted citizens, notably one from Mrs. J. Rhea Barton, of $10,000; one from a lady who desires her name to remain unknown, of $500; and one from Alfred Cope, of $27,000, on condition that no vinous, malt, or spirituous liquors be sold, and no circus or theatrical performances be allowed in the Garden.

As these descriptions must necessarily be short, I would mention that the most attractive places in the Garden are the carnivora house, aviary, racoon pen, bear pits, fox pen, prairie dog village, eagle aviary, deer shelters, and buffalo house, and that among the choicest animals are kangaroos, wallabys, tigers, spotted hyenas, ocelots, lynxes, leopards, giraffes, Angora cats, wombats, Tasmania devils, bears, ichneumons, Texas wild cats, porcupines, panthers, prairie wolves, llamas, antelopes, elk, bison, prairie dogs, and in fact almost every kind of animal and bird known to the naturalist.

A number of births have occurred in the Garden, and the baby deers, elks, bears, etc., give the little visitors there unbounded pleasure. The prettiest of all the young born there are the kangaroos. These young "critters" entered the world about the size of two weeks old field mice. When the tiny youngsters want to go to sleep their mother places them in her pouch, where they remain until their nap is ended.

To the naturalist there is, in my judgment, no place in this city that will afford a more instructive lesson than a visit to the Zoological Garden, which, though less than two years in existence, is rapidly approaching in merit the famed Zoological Garden of London. It may not be out of place to observe that, although the sale of wines and liquors is wisely prohibited, yet the Society has in its Garden one of the best restaurants in the city, and at which, as is too seldom the case, exorbitant charges are strictly forbidden.

THE CENTENNIAL.

In view of the fact that from one cause or another, not all of your readers will have a sight at the Exhibition of 1876, and that but a tithe will be seen by those who do visit it, I doubt if I could do better than furnish you an account of those things to be exhibited, most worthy of notice, as they reach here. The celebrated Group of America, one of the most noted works of art, in Hyde Park, London, is to be placed in the art department of our Exhibition.

The central figure represents America as a quarter of the globe, mounted on a bison, charging through the long prairie grass. Their advance is directed on one side by the United States, and on the other by Canada, who presses the rose of England to her bosom. The seated figures in the composition are Mexico and South America.

The figure of America is of the Indian type. She is habited in native costume and wears a feathered headdress. The housings of her wild charger are of the skin of a grizzly bear. In her right hand is a stone-pointed lance, with Indian tatems of the gray squirrel and humming bird, and in her left she bears a shield with blazons of the principal divisions of the hemishere—the eagle for the States, the beaver for Canada, the lone star for Chili, the volcanos for Mexico, the alpaca for Peru, and the Southern Cross for Brazil.

In the rear, aroused by the tread of the bison through the grass, is the rattlesnake. The features of the figure representing the United States are of the North America Anglo-Saxon type. Her tresses are surmounted by an eagle's plume and by a star, which is repeated on her baldrick and at the point of the sceptre, in her right hand, while in her left is a wreath formed by leaves of the evergreen oak, as an emblem of the Northern States; and a blossom of the magnolia grandiflora, as that of the Southern. At her feet lies the Indian's quiver, with but one or two arrows in it.

Canada, who is habited in furs, shows features of a more English type. In her head-dress are woven the maple leaf of the main land, and the May flower of Nova Scotia. In her right hand are ears of wheat, and at her feet a pair of snow shoes. Mexico, a male figure, is characterized by a face somewhat of the Aztec type. His emblems are a Mexican headdress, staff and features cincture, with the cochineal cactus at his feet. He is in the attitude of rising, restless and disturbed, from his panther's skin.

In the figure of South America, the half-breed type in Indian and Spaniard, is exemplified. Seated on a rock, he is habited in a *sombrero* and *poncho* and Indian girdle. In his left hand is the horseman's short carbine of the country, and in his right a lasso. Close to him is a Brazilian orchid, a horn of the wild cattle of the plains, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Roman Catholic Church of St. Bonifacius, is the one of which Rev. John W. Gerdeman was pastor. This eminent priest violated his vow of celibacy, and married the beautiful organist of his church, and was subsequently tried for "getting away" with about $140,000 of cash deposited with him by his congregation. The trial was an exhaustive one, two of the jury—a darkey and an Irishman—being for conviction, and ten for acquittal. The chief witness for the prosecution was the private secretary of James F. Wood, Archbishop of Philadelphia, who made a thorough examination of the books of Gerdeman, and who, after concluding his labors, was of the opinion that Gerdeman spent about $10,000 more in building the church than was deposited with him. As the investments were all made in the name of Bishop Wood, the depositors, who lost their cash, not long ago made a raid in force upon the Bishop, for the purpose of forcing a return of their departed greenbacks.

The raiders being coolly received by the Bishop's servant girl, they determined to bring suit against the Bishop, which action, however, has been averted by the principal clergy of the diocese appropriating about $30,000 in cash, and the subordinate clergy making an effort to raise the balance. The case certainly presents a questionable aspect. If Gerdeman stole the money why isn't he punished? If he didn't steal it why is Bishop Wood threatened with a lawsuit, and to prevent which, the Catholic churches of the diocese are taxed to return $140,000 to depositors, that upon the showing of the Bishop's secretary, never wasstolen?

In the meantime Gerleman keeps a lecturing and looking after the baby, which is the very image of its papa.

The sum of $237,201.28 has been paid to the Philadelphia agent of the United States navy department, under a recent decision of the United States Circuit Court, which held that the Government was a preferred creditor of Jay Cooke & Co., and thus the pittance saved from the colossal wreck of these renowned bankrupts, is being reduced by preferred claims, legal expenses, etc., until now literally nothing remains for the common creditors.

J. W. F.

—It makes no difference to Sechler & Co. whether one party or the other succeeds in this election, or whether Browne and Pennypacker get 1000 or 20000 in the State, they are determined to sell groceries cheaper than the cheapest.

Thanksgiving Day.

The Annual Proclamation by the President.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—By the President of the United States of America:

A PROCLAMATION.

In accordance with a practice at once wise and beautiful, we have been accustomed as the year is drawing to a close, to devote an occasion to the humble expression of our thanks to Almighty God for the ceaseless and distinguished benefits bestowed upon us as a nation, and for His mercies and protection during the closing year. Amid the rich and free enjoyment of all our advantages we should not forgot the source from whence they are derived and the extent of our obligations to the Father of all mercies. We have full reason to renew our thanks to Almighty God for favors bestowed upon us during the past year. By His continued mercy civil and religious liberty have been maintained, peace has reigned within our borders, labor and enterprise have produced their merited rewards, and to His watchful providence we are indebted for security from pestilence and other national calamity. Apart from national blessings, each individual among us has occasion to thoughtfully recall and devoutly recognize the favors and protection which he has enjoyed.

Now, therefore, I, Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States, do recommend that on Thursday, the twenty-fifth day of November, the people of the United States, abstaining from all secular pursuits and from their accustomed avocations, do assemble in their respective places of worship, and in such form as may seem most appropriate in their own hearts offer to Almighty God their acknowledgments and thanks for all His mercies, and their humble prayers for a continuance of His divine favor. In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington, this twenty-seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundredth.

[Signed] U. S. GRANT.

By the President,
HAMILTON FISH,
Secretary of State.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

THE REPUBLIC MAGAZINE is published monthly at Washington, D. C., at $2 00 per annum, or $1 00 per volums of six months. The November number of this magazine is unusually attractive. Among the ablest papers in the current issues are those on "The Relations of the State to the Railway System," "Nebraska," "National Unity," "Navigation Laws," "Our Free School System," "The Ohio Election," etc. The "Review of the Month," as usual, is full and complete.

Young men, and all others, who wish to inform themselves on national affairs, and current political issues and movements, cannot find a more valuable aid than "The Republic." The sixth volume commences with the new year, affording a good opportunity to subscribe. Address: Republic Publishing Company, Washington, D. C.

LOCKE'S NATIONAL MAGAZINE.—The November issue of "Locke's National Magazine" appeals to the lovers of good literature in a great variety of interesting and instructive matter. The number opens with a nautical story by Charles Barnard, entitled "The Boat, the Baby and the Pilot;" next follows a very readable article, "The Impressions of an American in England," by Horace White, lately of the Chicago *Tribune*. In "Balancing Accounts" we have, by Mrs. Mary T. Mott, one of those excellent Western stories which have made her so popular with the readers of the "National." W. H. Maher contributes, under the title of "A Note of Hand," a story for business men which can hardly fail to do good. One of the most interesting features of the number is a paper on "The Origin of Words," by Rev. B. T. H. Maycock, a gentleman who has given the subject no little attention. Besides several other well-written prose articles, the magazine contains poems by Maurice Thompson, Eben E. Rexford, Helen Manville, and "J. G.," with the usual editorial notes. Price only $1 00 per year; single copies ten cents. J. P. Jones, Publisher, Toledo, Ohio.

DOMESTIC MONTHLY.—The November number of this popular fashion magazine, being one of the four double numbers issued during the year, gives a comprehensive view of the styles now prevailing, and coming in vogue during the approaching winter season, in every department of fashion. Its numerous articles are unusually full and complete, and traverse the whole domain of fashion, all being distinguished by that clearness, and practical value of the information embodied, for which the magazine is so justly celebrated. Ladies will find in it every thing to supply the most exacting needs and wants in matters of dress. The number is profusely illustrated, and contains also a handsome colored plate, representing stylish street costumes.

The literary contents are, as usual, among the best of current periodical literature. A quaint article on "The Tender Passion," giving a thorough analysis of *la grande passion*, introduces the literary matter, and is exceedinly interesting. Following this are a serial story, entertaining sketches, poems, etc., providing an abundance of choice and instructive reading. The Miscellany, Small talk, Art and Literary Notes, etc., are well supplied and full of interest.

The *Domestic Monthly* is published by Blake & Co., 849 Broadway, N. Y., at $1.50 per year.

TO ORGAN STUDENTS.

CLARKE'S
IMPROVED SCHOOL
FOR THE
PARLOR ORGAN

The only work in which explanations are given of the nature and compass of the different Stops, and of the manner of combining them.

BY
HUGH A. CLARKE,
PROFESSOR OF MUSIC AND HARMONY IN THE UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA.
AND AUTHOR OF
"Clarke's New Method for the Piano-Forte."

Just issued. Sent by mail, price $2.50.

Lee & Walker. 922 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

v7#1-1y-eow

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, NOV. 3, 1875.

White Wheat per bushel	$1 15
Red wheat	1 15
Rye per bushel	60
Corn, ears (new)	35@40
Corn, shelled	75
Oats	30
Flour, retail per barrel	6.50@7.00
Flour, wholesale	6.00
HAY AND STRAW.	
Hay choice timothy per ton	$20 00
Hay Mixed per ton	15.00@18 00
Long rye straw, bundled per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6.50@8 00

Provision Market.

Corrected Weekly by S. A. Brew & Son.

Apples, dried, per lb	10
Apples per bus	75
Cherries, dried, per lb	8
Beans per quart	10
Fresh Butter lb	25
Chickens, per piece	25
Turkeys, per lb	8
Cheese per lb	20
Hams per lb	15
Bacon	14½ & 12
Sides	11
Lard per lb	18
Eggs per doz	25
Tallow, per pound	7
Potatoes per bushel new	35
Dried Beef	25
Beef by the side	6
Cod Fish, boneless	12
Canned Tomatoes, per can	20
Oranges per doz	100
Lemons per doz	75

PROSPECTUS FOR 1876 OF THE

MONTREAL WITNESS.

The friends of healthy literature have, by persevering diligence, placed the Montreal Witness in the very first rank of newspapers. The rapid growth of trashy reading, and of what is positively vile, is stimulating good people to more earnest efforts than ever to fill every household with sound mental food. A clergyman has lately secured for the Witness hundreds of subscribers, and declares his intention to make this one of his first duties in his present and every future field of labor, as he holds that by no other means could he do so much for the future of a neighborhood as by placing good reading in every family.

Successive attacks upon the Witness during each of the past three years, culminating in what has been called "The Ban" of the Roman Catholic Bishop of Montreal, although not otherwise desirable circumstances, have done a great deal to concentrate and intensify the zeal of the friends of temperance and religious liberty in favor of the Witness. Indeed, the fact that the last assault has been followed up for six months with the most untiring efforts to break down the paper, on the part of the most powerful moral opposition that could be organized on earth, and has resulted in cutting us off from some, at least, of those Roman Catholic readers whose good will we formerly enjoyed and highly prized, gives us, perhaps, some claim on the kind offices of those who value free speech and freedom of religious belief. The actual diminution of the circulation of the Daily Witness is, of course, comparatively small, amounting to about 500 out of 13,000, or less than four per cent., and does not affect us pecuniarily, as we can still claim a circulation equal in volume to that of all the rest of the daily city press, probably the majority of our old Roman Catholic readers being such still.

The progress of the paper may be gathered approximately from the following figures, giving the circulation of each on the 1st of September of each year:

	Daily.	Semi-Weekly and Tri-Weekly.	Weekly.
1871	10,700	3,000	*8,000
1872	10,700	3,600	9,000
1873	11,600	3,600	10,750
1874	11,900	3,800	17,000
1875	12,400	3,200	19,700

If this comes to any who are not familiar with the Witness, we may say that for twenty-nine years it has labored for the promotion of evangelical truth, and for the suppression of the liquor traffic. Our effort is to produce a Christian temperance newspaper, unattached to any political party or religious denomination, seeking only to witness fearlessly for the truth and against evil doing under all circumstances, and to keep its readers abreast with the news and the knowledge of the day. It devotes much space to social, agricultural and sanitary matters, and is especially the paper for the home circle. It is freely embellished with engravings.

The Weekly Witness has been enlarged twice and nearly doubled within four years, and is the very most that can be given for the price—$1.10 per year.

The Montreal Witness (Tri-Weekly), gives the news three times a week, and all the reading of the Daily Witness, for $2 per year.

The Daily Witness is in every respect a first-class daily, containing much more reading matter than the papers which cost twice as much, for $3 per year.

All, of course, are post-paid by the publishers to all parts of the United States and Canada.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1876 OF THE

NORTHERN MESSENGER,

THE PIONEER PAPER.

The Messenger is designed to supply the homes of the Sunday school scholars of America with family reading of the most useful and interesting sort at the lowest possible cost. It consists of eight pages of four columns each, and contains a temperance department, a scientific department, a sanitary department, and an agricultural department. Two pages are given to family reading, two to a tale in large type for children, and one to the Sunday-school lessons of the International series, and a children's column. The paper is magnificently illustrated. There has been a very rapid increase in its circulation during the past year, namely, from 15,000 to 25,000, and the ratio of increase rises so rapidly that the proprietors have sanguine hopes of doubling the latter figure before the end of next year. This increase has been in a large measure the result of the removal of the postal barrier between Canada and the United States. There has been, as a result of this prosperity, some improvement in the style of the paper, and it will, of course, be possible to introduce more and more improvements as its circulation grows. Most of the growth of the Messenger has been by the voluntary recommendation of it by friends who have formed their own opinion of its worth, and by the introduction of it into Sunday schools. Young correspondents say that their Sunday schools are more interesting and better attended since it has been introduced.

The following are the prices of the Messenger: 1 copy, 30 cents; 10 copies, $2.50; 25 copies, $6; 50 copies, $11.50; 100 copies, $22; 1,000 copies, $200. Surplus copies for distribution as tracts, twelve dozen for $1.

CAME TO THE PREMISES OF HUGH Glenn, in Huston township, some time last July, a one-year-old red heifer, having on a small bell and a slit in the under side of left ear. If the owner will come forward and prove property, he can have the same by paying charges, otherwise it will be disposed of according to law. v7n43-3t

NOTICE.—A special meeting of the Stockholders of the Milesburg Building and Loan Association will be held at the usual place of meeting, on Monday, Nov. 8, 1875, at 7½ o'clock P. M., for the purpose of determining whether or not the action of Sept. 21, 1875, rejecting the then pending amendment to the by-laws, shall be reconsidered, and, in that event, for the purpose of again taking action upon the said amendment. A full attendance is requested. By order of the Board of Directors.

FRANK E. TAYLOR,
Secretary.

FRAZIER'S POCKET GUIDE
To Philadelphia,

Illustrated with more than FORTY ENGRAVINGS ON WOOD, with Historical sketches of all places of public interest in the Centennial City. Price only TEN CENTS. Every American citizen and every school boy should possess a copy. Address

JOHN W. FRAZIER,
Publisher, No. 1617 North 18th Street, Philadelphia. 43-4t

FOR FLORIDA.

FOR THROUGH PASSAGE TICKETS to ST. AUGUSTINE and all landings on ST. JOHN'S RIVER, and interior points in FLORIDA, by steamship to SAVANNAH, and thence by railroad or steamboat,

Apply to WM. L. JAMES, General Agent, Philadelphia and Southern Mail S. S. Co. 426 South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

New Advertisements.

HARPER BROTHERS

SPRING STREET,

BELLEFONTE, PA.,

DEALERS IN

ENGLISH

—AND—

West India Goods

FLOUR & GRAIN,

Have just received a Large and Well-selected Stock of

Dry Goods

AND

GROCERIES

which they are selling at

PANIC PRICES

Always glad to show their goods whether you buy or not.

CALL AND SEE

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CRAMPTON'S IMPERIAL SOAP IS THE "BEST."

This Soap is manufactured from pure materials, and as it contains a large percentage of Vegetable Oil, is warranted fully equal to the best imported Castile Soap, and at the same time possesses all the washing and cleansing properties of the celebrated German and French Laundry Soaps. It is therefore recommended for use in the Laundry, Kitchen, and Bath-room, and for general household purposes; also, for Printers, Painters, Engineers, and Machinists, as it will remove stains of Ink, Grease, Tar, Oil, Paint, etc., from the hands. Manufactured only by

CRAMPTON BROTHERS,
Nos. 2, 4, 6, 8, and 10 Rutgers Place, and
33 and 35 Jefferson Street, New York,
v7n12 6m

$1,200 PROFIT ON $100

Made this month by *Puts and Calls*. Invest according to your means. $10, $50 or $100, in Stock Privileges, has brought a small fortune to the careful investor. We advise when and how to *operate safely*. Books with full information sent free. Address orders by mail and telegraph to BAXTER & CO.,
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v7n43-1y

HOMŒOPATHIC VETERINARY MEDICINE!

works wonders with cattle, horses, fowls, and all other domestic animals. No livery stable keeper, stock raiser, or farmer, should be without a case of these medicines and a book giving plain directions for their use. BOERICK & TAFEL, 145 Grand St., New York, will send their descriptive catalogue to any address, on receipt of a stamp. Theirs is the *oldest* Homœopathic Pharmacy *in this country*—founded in 1835. 42-6t

E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON

Has never been known to fail in the cure of weakness, attended with symptoms, indisposition to exertion, loss of memory, difficulty of breathing, general weakness, horror of disease, weak, nervous trembling, dreadful horror of death, night sweats, cold feet, weakness, dimness of vision, languor, universal lassitude of the muscular system, enormous appetite with dyspeptic system, hot hands, flushing of the body, dryness of the skin, pallid countenance and eruptions on the face, purifying the blood, pain in the back, heaviness of the eyelids, frequent black spots flying before the eyes, with temporary suffusion and loss of sight; want of attention, etc. These symptoms all arise from a weakness, and to remedy that use E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. It never fails. Thousands are now enjoying health who have used it. Get the genuine. Sold only in $1 bottles. Take only E. F. Kunkel's. Depot and office, No. 259 North Ninth St., Philadelphia, Penn'a.

Ask for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. This truly valuable tonic has been so thoroughly tested by all classes of the community, that it is now deemed indispensable as a Tonic medicine. It costs but little, purifies the blood and gives tone to the stomach, renovates the system and prolongs life.

I now only ask a trial of this valuable tonic. Price $1 per bottle. E. F. KUNKEL, Sole Proprietor, No. 259 North Ninth St., below Vine, Philadelphia, Pa. Ask for Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other. It is sold only in $1 bottles, with a photograph of the proprietor on each wrapper; all other is counterfeit. Sold by all druggists.

TAPE WORM REMOVED ALIVE.

Head and all complete in two hours. No fee till head passes. Seat, Pin, and Stomach worms removed by Dr. Kunkel, 259 North Ninth Street. Advice free. No fee until cured. Ask for *Kunkel Worm Syrup*. Price $1 and guaranteed. Send for circular. v7n43-4t

SECOND HAND SAFES

BOUGHT AND SOLD. *Write for Particulars.*

Repairing and **Moving** done promptly.

BUSH & CO.,

13 Dey St. New York.

46-8t

ALL THE WOMAN'S TOOLS

THE BEST FINISHED AND MOST PERFECT

Interchangeable Handle and Tools Combined

Patented May 4, 1875.

protected from the heat. **No holder** is required when using. When the Iron is being heated, the handle must be detached. We will send to any address, on receipt of Draft or P. O. Order for the amount, either of the following sets:

Set No. 1—3 Irons of 5, 6 and 7 lbs., 1 handle, $2.00
" 2—3 " 6, 7 and 8 lbs., " 2.30
" 3—3 " 7, 8 and 9 lbs., " 2.60

Nickel plated Irons, 75cts. per set extra.

Any party ordering five sets will receive one set extra as a premium.

Thoroughly reliable agents wanted.

Address **BROOKLYN SAD IRON CO.,**
85 First St., Brooklyn, E. D., N. Y.

NOTE.—Sample can be seen at the office of this paper.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEE WHAT MONEY WILL DO!

Owing to the Great Success of our Low Prices, we are now prepared to

OFFER STILL GREATER INDUCEMENTS

EXAMINE OUR PRICES AND LET THEM TALK

Appleton A Muslin,	10 cents per yard
Good Calicos for	3 cents per yard
Flannels for	15 cents per yard
Canton Flannels for	8 cents per yard
White Blankets,	$3 00 per pair
Colored Blankets,	2 50 per pair
Ground Alum Salt	1 50 per sack
Men's Suits for	$8 00
Boys' Suits for	5 00
Ladies' Button Shoes for	$2 00 per pair
Misses' Button Shoes	1 25 per pair
Ladies' Morocco Shoes,	1 50 per pair

And our entire large stock at Prices that will compare with the above. We offer no baits, and will prove it to you by Examination.

S. & A. LOEB.

vol7-42 [Successors to LOEB, MAY & LOEB.]

Legal Notices.

ORDINANCE.—BE IT ORDAINED BY the Council of the Borough of Bellefonte, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same:

SECTION 1. That no bull, steer, ox, cow, heifer, or calf, shall be suffered to go or be at large within the limits of the borough between the hours of seven o'clock P. M. and six o'clock A. M.; and the owner or owners of any such animals, who shall wilfully permit the same so to run at large, shall forfeit and pay for each and every offense, for each and every animal so running at large, the sum of Two dollars for the use of said borough, to be recovered as fines and penalties are by law recoverable; and any person man impound any such animal found running at large as aforesaid, and give notice to any High Constable of the borough, who shall proceed, according to the provisions of the second section of this ordinance, to dispose of the same.

SECTION 2. That it shall be the duty of any High Constable, and he is hereby authorized, directed and required, without any special warrant or other authority than this ordinance, to seize and secure any animal of the mule, cattle, horse, or sheep kind that may be found so running at large, as provided in the first and third sections of this ordinance, or upon the lands or lots of any person, without permission of the party in possession thereof, and the same to sell at public sale, first having given at least three days public notice of said sale by ten written or printed handbills, posted up in conspicuous parts of the borough, of the time and place of such sale; but if the owner or owners of such animal or animals shall pay to the said High Constable the penalty of two dollars aforesaid, for the use of said borough, together with the costs of taking up, keeping, and advertising the same for sale, then it shall be the duty of said High Constable to deliver such animal or animals to the owner or owners thereof; but if he shall make a sale as aforesaid, he shall pay the excess after paying the penalty and expenses and costs, to the owners of said animal or animals; and the said High Constable shall pay one-half of the said penalty to the Treasurer of the borough, for the use of said borough: and the remaining one-half the said High Constable shall retain as his compensation in addition to fees allowed by law.

SECTION 3. That it shall not be lawful for breachy cattle, or cattle in the habit of breaking fences, to be or run at large within the limits of the borough; and any owner or owners of any such bull, ox, steer, cow, or heifer, who, after notice from any High Constable, shall neglect or omit to shut up and enclose the same within two hours after such notice, and continue to keep the same shut up and enclosed, shall forfeit and pay the sum of Two dollars for each and every day or fraction of a day the said animal shall be suffered to run at large, one-half of which shall be paid over to the Treasurer of said borough, by the said High Constable, and the other half retained by him as aforesaid; and any person may impound the same in the manner provided in the first section of this ordinance.

SECTION 4. That no horse, mare, mule, or sheep shall be suffered to be or go or remain at large within the borough; and if the owner of the same shall willfully permit or suffer any such animal to be or remain at large within the borough, he or she shall, for every such offense, forfeit and pay for each and every horse, mare, or mule, the sum of three dollars; for every sheep, fifty cents, so going, being or running at large within the borough, with like penalty for each and every day the same may be suffered to remain at large; one-half of which penalty shall be retained by the said High Constable, and the other one-half shall be paid over to the Treasurer of the said borough.

SECTION 5. All ordinances not consistent with the above and relating to the same, are hereby repealed.

ROBT. VALENTINE, Pres't.
JAS H. RANKIN, Sec'y.
Approved: A. STERNBERG, C. B.
Oct. 11, 1875.

CHARTER NOTICE.—NOTICE IS HEREby given, that application will be made for the incorporation of the "Bellefonte Library Association," to be located in the borough of Bellefonte, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Assembly of the 29th of April, 1874, to the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, on the 22nd day of November next: the object of said Association being the promotion of the social and literary culture of its members. 42-3t

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT LETters testamentary on the estate of Ezra D. Brisbin, late of Harris township, deceased, having been duly issued by the Register of Centre county to the undersigned, all persons having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated; and those owing said estate will please call and make payment to
JOHN IRWIN, JR.,
35-6t Executor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of Centre county, in the matter of the estate of John Archey, deceased, the undersigned, an Auditor appointed by said court to make distribution of the balance of the estate in the hands of the Executor of said deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bellefonte, on Wednesday, November 10, 1875, at 1 o'clock p. m., where all parties interested may attend.
n41-3t JNO. G. LOVE, Auditor.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—THE WILL OF Daniel P. Eakens, late of Walker township, having been admitted to probate, letters testamentary thereupon have been issued to the undersigned, of which all persons interested will please take notice. HENRY ROBB, Ex'r,
Nittany Hall.
n41-6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of George Frederick, late of Gregg township, deceased, having been duly issued by the Register of Centre county to the undersigned, all persons having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated, and those owing said estate will please call and make payment to SAMUEL GRAMLY,
n41-6t Administrator.

Legal Notices.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL Estate.—Pursuant to an order of the Orphan's Court of Centre county, will be sold at public sale on the premises, in Ferguson township, in said county, on

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1875,

the following described real estate, formerly owned by James Ross, deceased, to-wit: A valuable farm, situated in Ferguson township, on the road leading from Brick Mills to Pennsylvania Furnace, about two miles from the Brick Mill and two miles from the village of Loveville, bounded by lands of Samuel Rider, John Ellenberger, Sr., Samuel Musser, and William M. Lyon & Co., containing about 294 acres. The improvements are: A frame dwelling house, containing seven rooms, two stories in height, with all the conveniences; a large bank barn, a smoke-house, wood-house, corn-crib, and wagon-shed, with a well of never-failing water near the dwelling. Also a log dwelling house, weather boarded, with a frame kitchen, and containing seven rooms, together with a barn and other necessary out-buildings. The Half Moon creek runs due north and south through the tract. There are upon the premises two orchards of fine fruit, in bearing. About seventy-five acres of the tract is woodland, finely timbered with oak, white pine, and chestnut. The whole farm contains about 295 acres, and may be conveniently divided into farms, the buildings being so situated as to permit it. Persons desiring to view the premises will call upon John W. Ellenberger, residing thereon.

Sale to commence at one o'clock p. m.

TERMS.—One-third of purchase money upon confirmation of sale; one-third in one year thereafter, and one-third in two years thereafter, with interest; to be secured by bond and mortgage upon the premises
39-3t SUSAN ELLENBERGER.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF REAL ESTATE. —Will be sold at public sale, on

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER, 18, 1875,

commencing at ten o'clock A. M., the large farm of the late David Harpster, deceased, situated in Ferguson township, about one and a half miles from Pennsylvania Furnace, and near the new railroad from Tyrone, containing 546 acres more or less, and adjoining lands of Jonathan Kryder on the north, J. S. Calderwood on the south, Sharp, Stewart & Co. on the east and west, one hundred and seventy acres of which is cleared and in an excellent state of cultivation. There is on the farm a good two-story house, a bank barn, all other necessary out buildings, and a never-failing supply of water. Upon one hundred and forty acres of this land there is an excellent growth of young chestnut timber. The buildings and improved land will be sold without the timber if purchasers so desire, or the purchaser can take as much of the timber land as he may want in connection with the improved land and buildings, and the balance will be sold in lots to suit purchasers.

Also, at the same time and place, a nice tract of land containing Ten acres, covered with a heavy growth of yellow pine, situated about one and a half miles from the above mentioned place, and joining lands of John J. Gohean, Sharp, Stewart & Co., and Peter Kichline.

Terms made known on day of sale.
ALEXANDER HARPSTER, }
SAMUEL GOSS, } Exec'rs.
40-4t

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF Centre County. Judgment 196, Jan'y T. 1871. Vend. ex. 99, Aug. T. 1875.

J. B. Hahn vs. John W. Holt.

The auditor appointed by the Court to distribute the money in the hands of the Sheriff, arising from the sale of real estate of defendant, to and among those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bellefonte, on Tuesday, November 16, 1875, at one o'clock P. M. of said day, when and where all persons can attend if they see proper. D. F. FORTNEY,
42-3t Auditor

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, at Bellefonte, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, Oct. 1, 1875.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$363,147 82
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	24,750 00
Due from approved reserve agts.	14,418 91
" " other National Banks	1,054 53
" " State Banks and Bankers.	29,080 31
Real Estate Furniture and Fixtures	25,885 26
Current Expense & Taxes paid	2,870 56
Checks and other Cash Items	9,299 67
Bills of other National Banks	1,112 00
Fractional Currency (includ'g nickels)	834 92
Legal Tender Notes	33,319 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treas. (5 per cent of circulation)	4,500 00
Due from U. S. Treas. other than 5 per cent. redemption fund	78 92
	$607,051 97

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus fund	43,000 00
Other undivided profits	7,097 48
National Bank Notes outstanding	90,000 00
Individual Deposits subject to check	94,275 13
Time Certificates of Deposit	241,972 87
Due to other National Banks	25,634 61
" State Banks and Bankers	71 88
	$607,051 97

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, }
County of Centre SS: }

I, John P. Harris, Cashier of the First National Bank of Bellefonte, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN P. HARRIS, Cashier.

Sworn and subscribed to before me, this 12th day of October, 1875.

ROLAND C. CHRESMAN, N. P.

Correct Attest:
K. C. HUMES, }
ADAM HOY, } DIRECTORS.
W. P. HUMES. }
42-3t

Miscellaneous.

Removal

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

BARTLETT

Begs to inform his patrons and the Public in general that he has removed to

NO. 1033 CHESTNUT STREET

PHILADELPHIA,

Where, in addition to the business so long and successfully carried on by him in the men's line, he will make to order and keep in store a large assortment of his own make of

BOOTS, GAITERS, SHOES, SLIPPERS, &C.

FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

His stock will comprise all the leading styles of goods for dress, promenade, school and domestic purposes. No goods will be offered for sale that are not of the best materials and workmanship. He will be able to show the most complete assortment of of Shoes ever seen in the United States, including a large stock of PINE SHOES for little children, and genteel SERVICEABLE SHOES for boys and girls.

The prices of his Gent's Boots and Gaiters will be reduced One Dollar per pair, other goods in proportion.

The Public in general are solicited to call and examine goods and prices, without obligation to purchase.

WM. F. BARTLETT,
1033 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

PRICE LIST and directions for self-measurement sent on receipt of post-office address.
34-3m

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are given in our circular. This book is edited by

Edward Eggleston, D. D.,

is handsomely illustrated, and is in all respects an elegant and valuable work. Clergymen, teachers, agents, all who wish to earn money, should apply immediately for terms and territory to J. B. FORD & CO., Publishers, 27 Park Place, New York. v7n41-4t

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34-3m*

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TO BUILDERS!

HAVING purchased the Beech Creek Saw Mill Property, at Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., I am prepared to fill orders for

WHITE & YELLOW PINE,

OAK

HEMLOCK LUMBER.

Also, for

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W. M. HOLMES,

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v3n46-1y.

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$5 to $50 Invested in Wall Street often leads to a fortune. Full particulars sent free.
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The great interest in the thrilling history of our country makes this the fastest selling book ever published. It contains over 400 fine historical engravings and 900 pages, with a full account of the approaching grand Centennial celebration. Send for a full description and extra terms to agents. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO.,
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BY ANN ELIZA YOUNG,
Brigham Young's Rebellious Wife:
☞ The only complete expose of all the SECRETS of BRIGHAM'S HAREM ever written. Born in Mormonism, ANN ELIZA now exposes to the world, AS NO OTHER WOMAN CAN, the SECRETS, MYSTERIES, AND CRIMES of the horrible system of Polygamy, from the very beginning. Nearly 200 illustrations beautify the work. It is the best selling book published. 10,000 more men and women can have employment and make from $5 to $10 daily. All LIVE AGENTS are writing for illustrated circulars with LARGE TERMS. Sent free. Do not delay, but address DUSTIN, GILMAN & CO., Hartford, Ct. 40-4t

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Every department will be filled with the most interesting Inventions and Arts of the age. TWELVE ACRES OF EXHIBITING SPACE.

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Splendid inducements offered to FARMERS for the exhibition of Live Stock and Agricultural Products. The following periods are assigned for Live Stock: Horses, week beginning Tuesday, Oct. 12. Cattle, week beginning Tuesday, Oct. 19. Sheep and Hogs, week beginning Tuesday, Oct. 26. All kinds of Poultry, week beginning Tuesday, Nov. 2. Music during the entire Exposition by FIRST-CLASS BANDS. RAILROAD EXCURSIONS at LOW RATES.

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Cork shavings are unsurpassed as an article for bedding. Forty pounds will fill the largest mattress. Only EIGHT CENTS per pound. They will last for years. Parties visiting the Exposition will please call and see sample at

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BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Agricultural.

Wheat Surface Growth in the Fall is What is Wanted.

Winter wheat is most apt to be injured by alternate freezing and thawing rather than by long-continued cold, freezing to a great depth. When the ground is frozen deeply, the wheat plant does not, and cannot, "heave out." When we have a deep frost, then a few days of milder weather, thawing the surface, and a very slight frost following, will snap the wheat roots and leave them on the surface; and this occurs alike on drained or undrained soil. There is no absolute remedy for this evil, but it can be palliated by encouraging a different habit of growth of wheat roots. Here comes in the advantage of a rich, mellow and shallow seed bed for wheat, with a hard underpan, repelling, rather than inviting, a full growth of the wheat roots downward. There is no use trying to get long, deep roots on the wheat plant in the fall. Ten chances to one, if you do, the freezing and thawing of winter will break the roots and injure, if not destroy, the plant. Better far, in fall, encourage a strong growth of roots near the surface, forming a mat through the soil which, when frozen, shall rise and fall together. This is not mere theory, but a fact often noticed on land once plowed, with a rich and shallow seed bed. The advantage of surface manuring for wheat, as also of superphosphate and other commercial fertilizers drilled in with the seed, seems to lie largely in promoting a large surface growth of wheat roots. This, with the leaves of the plant, prevents deep freezing, and keeps the wheat roots under a mulch, which makes the soil light, and promotes rapid growth in early spring. A very small quantity of any rich fertilizer will thus often add immensely to the yield—not entirely by its direct effect, but in preventing winter killing and heaving out of the plant. In no other way can I explain the extraordinary results I have known from a small application of superphosphate—often ten to fifteen bushels of wheat, or 600 to 900 pounds, from 200 pounds of superphosphate.

A Lesson From Cabbage.

Every one knows that cabbages will not grow fast or head out well unless they are hoed very often. Most have also learned that this crop does the best if hoed very early in the morning, while the dew is on the ground. Hoeing later in the day, when the dew has evaporated, will not have the same effect. The reasons appear to be these: The dew being covered with soil, is retained, and helps keep the earth moist. It contains a large amount of oxygen, which it took from the air. These act to decompose the soil, and to hasten the growth of plants. It also absorbs a large quantity of ammonia, which is taken directly up by the plants. Now the same causes ought to produce the same effect on other plants, and it has been found by observing farmers that they do. Market gardeners prefer to have potatoes hoed either when the soil is wet with dew or after a slight rain. Observations made by one of the best farmers of Wisconsin, extending through many years, convinced him that there was great advantage in plowing land while it was wet with dew. Especially was this the case when clover or grass was plowed under. It was found that the grass and sod rotted much sooner, and that the succeeding crops were larger and of better quality.

Sugar Beets for Fattening Swine.

Jonathan Talcott gives a statement in the Boston *Cultivator*, of an experiment performed on a Suffolk pig where sugar beets were largely employed for fattening. The animal was about a year old, and the feeding on boiled sugar beets, tops and roots, began on the 16th of August and was continued three times a day until the 1st of October, after which ground feed was given, consisting of two parts of corn and one of oats, three times a day till the animal was slaughtered, the meal being mixed with cold water. The result was, on the 15th of August, when the sugar beet feeding was begun, that the weight was 306 pounds; September 1st, 390 pounds; October 1st, 450 pounds; November 1st, 520 pounds. This is the substance of the statement given, by which we perceive that the increase the last of August, when fed on boiled sugar beets, was at the rate of two pounds per day; the rate of increase on the same food continued through September. When fed on ground corn and oats, made into cold slop, the gain for the next fifty days was less than a pound and a half per day.

Keeping Poultry in Orchards.

Some farmers make it a practice to keep their poultry in their orchards from early spring until cold weather sets in; and they find that it pays them for so doing. A picket fence should be built around the orchard, high enough to prevent their flying over, with a suitable house or shed in one corner of the yard to shelter them at night. Thus situated, the poultry will thrive and prosper, keeping themselves in good condition, and the increase in eggs will be greatly augmented, and their usefulness and value enhanced, to the owners at least, on account of the thousand myriads of insects and worms which they destroy, and which will more than repay the cost and labor of building the fence. By keeping them enclosed in this manner, a large number of fowls may be retained in an orchard; and the continual scratching which is done by them will prove advantageous both to the soil and trees themselves.

Keeping Horses' Feet and Legs in Order.

If I were asked to account for my horses' legs and feet being in better order than those of my neighbor, I should attribute it to the four following circumstances: First, they are all shod with few nails, so placed in the shoe as to permit the foot to expand every time they move; second, that they all live in boxes instead of stalls, and can move whenever they please; third, that they have two hours daily walking exercise when they are not at work; and fourth, that I have not a head stall or trace-chain in my stall. These four circumstances comprehend the whole mystery of my keeping horses' legs fine, and their feet in sound working condition up to a good old age. —*Miles.*

Do not kill the toads. In Paris, they are sold at fifty cents a dozen, in order to protect the vineyards and gardens from insects. A toad will swallow the biggest kind of a tomato worm.

Moral and Religious.

Thoughts On The Commandments.

"Love your neighbor as yourself"—
So the parson preaches;
That's one-half the decalogue—
So the prayer-book teaches.
Half my duty I can do
With but little labor,
For with all my heart and soul
I do love my neighbor.

Mighty little credit that,
To my self-denial:
Not to love her, though, might be
Something of a trial.
Why, the rosy light that peeps
Through the glass above her
Lingers round her lips; you see
E'en the sunbeams love her.

So, to make my merit more,
I'll go beyond the letter;
Love my neighbor as myself?
Yes, and ten times better.
For she's sweeter than the breath
Of the spring that passes
Through the fragrant, budding woods,
O'er the meadow-grasses.

And I've preached the word, I know,
For it was my duty
To convert the stubborn heart
Of the little beauty.
One again success has crowned
Missionary labor,
For her sweet eyes own that she
Also loves her neighbor.

The Bible.

Who composed the following description of the Bible we may never know. It was found in Westminster Abbey, nameless and dateless, but nevertheless, it is invaluable for its wise and wholesome counsel to the race of Adam:

A nation would be truly happy if it were governed by no other laws than those of this blessed book.

It contains everything needful to be known or done.

It gives instruction to a Senate, authority and direction to a magistrate.

It cautions a witness, requires an impartial verdict of a jury, and furnishes the judge with his sentence.

It sets the husband as lord of his household, and the wife as mistress of the table—tells him how to rule, and her how to manage.

It entails honor to parents and enjoins obedience to children.

It prescribes and limits the sway of the sovereign, the power of the ruler, and the authority of the master; commands the subject to honor and the servant to obey, and promises the protection of the Almighty to all that work by this rule.

It gives directions for weddings and burials.

It promises food and raiment, and limits the use of both.

It points out a faithful and eternal Guardian to the departing husband and father, tells him with whom to leave his fatherless children, and whom his widow is to trust; and promises a kind father to the former and a husband to the latter.

It teaches a man to set his house in order, and how to make his will; it appoints a dowry for his wife, and entails the rights of the first born, and shows how the young branches shall be left.

It defends the rights of all, and reveals vengeance to every defaulter, over-reacher, and trespasser.

It is the first book, the best book.

It contains the choicest matter, gives the best instruction, affords the greatest degree of satisfaction and pleasure that we have ever enjoyed.

It contains the best laws and most profound mysteries that were ever penned, and it brings the very best comforts to the inquiring and desolate.

It is a brief recital of all that is to come.

It settles all matters in debate, resolves all doubts, and eases the mind and conscience of all scruples.

It reveals the only living and true God, and showing the way to him, sets aside all other gods, and describes the vanity of them and all that trust in such; in short, it is a book of law to show the right and wisdom, that condemns a folly and makes the foolish wise; a book of truth, that detects all lies and confronts all errors, and a book of life, that shows the way from everlasting death.

It contains some of the most ancient antiquities, strange events, wonderful occurrences, heroic deeds and unparalleld wars.

It describes the celestial, terrestrial, and infernal worlds, and the origin of the angelic myriad, the human tribes, and the devilish legions.

It will instruct the most accomplished mechanic and the most profound scholar.

It teaches the best rhetoritician, and exercises every power of the most skillful arithmetician, puzzles the wisest anatomist, and confounds the subtlest critic.

It is the best covenant that was ever agreed upon; the best deed that was ever signed.

The Lord's Prayer.

Here is something curious for you. It is the Lord's Prayer in the English of former times and it shows how the language has changed:

OLD ENGLISH FORMS OF THE LORD'S PRAYER.

A. D. 1258.—Fader ure in heune, haleeweide beoth thi neune, cumen thi kuneriche thi wille beoth idon in heone and in. The euerych dawe bried gif ous thelk dawe. And wodzif ure dettes as vi vorzifen ure dettoures. And lene ous nought into temtation, bot delyvorof uvel. Amen.

A. D. 1300.—Fadir our in hevene, Halewyd by hi name, thi kingdom come. Thi wille be done as in hevene and in erthe. Oure urche dayes bred give us to-day. And forgive us oure dettes, as we forgive our dettoures. And lede us not into temptation, Bote delyvere us of yvel. Amen.

A. D. 1530.—Our father which art in heaven, sanctified be thy name. Let thy kingdom come. Thy will be done, as in heaven in earth also. Give us to-day our super substantial bread. And lead us not into temptation. But deliver us from evil. Amen.

A. D. 1611.—Our father which art in heaven, hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done, in earth as it is in heaven. Give vs this day our daily bread. And forgive vs our debts as we forgive our debtors. And lede ns not into temptation, but deliver vs from evil. For thine is the kingdome, and the power and the glory forever. Amen.

A Helpless Victim.

"Did you notice that fine-looking gentleman, that left the office as you came in?" asked a physician of us the other day.

He was a marked man physically, tall and well-formed, with the stoop of a scholar in his shoulders.

"He is, or has been," continued our friend, "the Congregational pastor of P——; but has just been obliged to send in his resignation. He has become an almost helpless victim of an appetite for alcoholic stimulants. He has been seen under the influence of liquor in our lowest saloons; and this is the third church that he has been obliged to leave for the same cause. He is a man of more than ordinary ability, was specially popular in his present place, and it has almost broken the hearts of some of his friends to be obliged to demand his resignation. He began the use of stimulants on account of nervous irritability and weakness, and now the appetite utterly overmasters him."

We are too apt to forget the terrible scourge that lies in this frightful temptation. A half a century of earnest temperance labor has defended, to a large degree, our families; but the present remission of interest, and breaking down of public sentiment on this question is ominous. We remember, in our boyhood, when it was seriously feared that we might become a nation of drunkards; when the early apostles of the temperance movement, like the elder Beecher, lifted up their voices, and spared not. They saved the land. Shall we give it back again to this foe of human peace and virtue?—*Zion's Herald.*

Miscellaneous.

It Is the Nature of the Beast.

Frogs, toads, and serpents never take any food but that which they are satisfied is alive.

If a bee, wasp, or hornet stings, it is nearly always at the expense of his life.

Serpents are so tenacious of life that they will live six months without food.

The head of a rattlesnake has been known to inflict a fatal wound after being separated from the body.

If the eye of a newt is put out another perfecf eye is soon supplied by rapid growth.

Fishes have no eyelids, and necessarily sleep with eyes open.

Alligators fall into a lethargic sleep during the winter like a toad.

There are agricultural ants in Texas that actually plant grain and reap before the harvest.

Naturalists say that a single swallow will devour six thousand flies a day.

The terantula of Texas is nothing more than an enormous spider.

A single codfish produces more than 1,000,000 eggs in one season.

A whale suckles its young, and is therefore not a fish. The mother's affection is remarkable.

Toads become torpid in winter and hide themselves, taking no food for five or six months.

Serpents of all species shed their skins annually, like sea crabs and lobsters.

Turtles and tortoises have their skeletons partly outside of, instead of within, the body.

It is believed that crocodiles live to be hundreds of years old. The ancient Egyptians embalmed them.

Strong Drink and Hard Times.

The mischief of the use of strong drink, in an economical point of view, is not thought of, perhaps enough, or pressed enough upon the public attention. The direct cost, even to the moderate drinker, amounts to a considerable sum for a year. It is probably a much larger sum than the man who spends it thinks for. Then here are indirect losses, which in many cases are greater; as by the time wasted in the places where liquors are sold and drank, and through habits of idleness and improvidence which may be formed. The whole effect upon a man's standing as to property is likely to be a very serious one. It must be remembered that the gains of most people above necessary expenses are, at best, but small. If, however, some slight annual saving can be made, especially in one's younger life, he may reach in time to a comfortable position as to property. If the margin be has is narrow, it is the more needful to keep it all. Now it is just the narrow margins that a costly habit like this of using strong drink cuts off. It makes the whole difference, with multitudes of men, between competence and poverty. Many families of laboring men, now cramped and straightened in their living, might fare well, and save money, but for the cost to the father, or the brothers, of this worse than useless indulgence.

This is a most appropriate matter to be brought forward in these hard times. It ought to be pressed especially upon the attention of our younger working men. The great and useless expenditure for tobacco can be treated of also after the same fashion. If both things could be set right "the times" would begin shortly to grow easier and brighter in many homes.—*Congregationalist.*

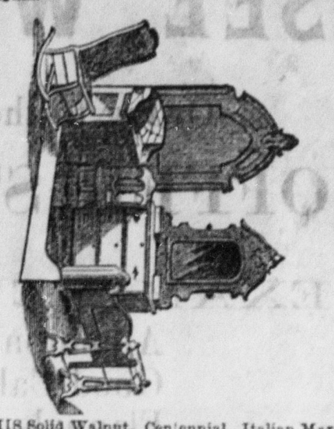
GOOD HUMOR.—Good humor is the clear blue sky of the soul, on which every star of talent will shine more clearly, and the sun of genius encounter no vapors in his passage. 'Tis the most exquisite beauty of a fine face; a redeeming grace in a holy one. It is like green in the landscape, harmonizing with every color, mellowing the glories of the bright, and softening the hue of the dark; like a flute in a full concert of instruments, a sound, not at first discovered by the ear, yet filling up the breaks in the concord with its deep melody.

WAGONS FOR SALE.—The undersigned has on hand some first-class two-horse wagons which they will dispose of for cash.—They intend keeping on hand wagons of the most improved style and finish. Persons wishing a first-class wagon will do well to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere. GEO. RIDER & SON,
6-5-tf Central City, Centre co., Pa.

Miscellaneous.

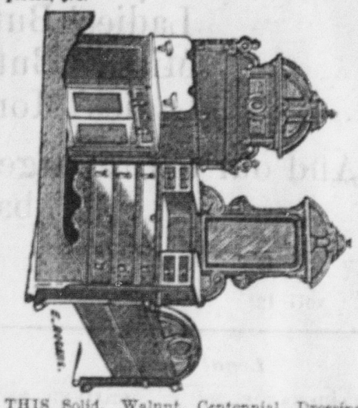
CENTENNIAL. CENTENNIAL.

GOULD & CO., N. E. Corner Market and Ninth Street, 242 and 244 South Second Street, 37 and 39 North Second Street, Philadelphia.



THIS Solid Walnut, Centennial, Italian Marble Top Chamber Suit, three pieces, viz: Double Bedstead, Marble Top Bureau, and Marple Top Stand, $47.

THIS Solid Walnut Parlor Suit, covered in Hair-cloth, or any color wool Terry, seven pieces, $75.



THIS Solid, Walnut, Centennial, Dressing Case Chamber Suit, three peices, viz: Double Bedstead, Marble Top Dressing Case, Marble Top Washstand, only $60.

THIS Fine Walnut Parlor Suit, covered in Hair-cloth or wool Terry, any color, seven pieces, $145.

We will ship the above Suits to any address on reciept of price named. No charge for packing. For $8.25, FOUR WALNUT CANE SEAT CHAIRS, ONE WALNUT CANE SEAT ROCKER, and ONE WALNUT TOWEL RACK, will be sent with either Chamber Suit. SOLID BLACK WALNUT WARDROBES, 8 feet high, $22.50. Solid BLACK WALNUT SECRETARY BOOK CASES, 7½ feet high, $23.50. All other kinds of **Chamber** or **Parlor Furniture** equally reduced in price. The choicest patterns of **Carpets** sold at manufacturers' prices. Bedding in every variety. Name the price of any article of Furniture you may need, and we will send photograph. 32-12w

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WM. THOMPSON, JR.

JOHN I. THOMPSON & CO.

BANKERS,
LEMONT, CENTRE CO., PA.
v6n1-1y

H. BROCKERHOFF, Pres't. J. D. SHUGERT, Cash'r

CENTRE COUNTY BANKING CO., receive Deposits and allow Interest, Discount notes, Buy and sell Government Securities, Gold and Coupons. v6n1-1y.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't. J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y.

Professional Cards.

WM. P. WILSON, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte Pa. Office in Mrs. Benner's Building, Bellefonte Pa. v6n1-1y

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law, office on High Street, corner of Diamond, second door from First National Bank. 6-1-tf

E. BLANCHARD. E. M. BLANCHARD.

E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, Allegheny street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6-1-1y.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-west corner of Brockerhoff House, next door to Centre County Banking Co. 5-17-1y

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co 's Bank. v6n1-1y.

JOHN H. ORVIS. C. T. ALEXANDER. C. M. BOWERS.

ORVIS, ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS, Attorneys at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office north-east cor of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank 7-1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorney's at law. Office on Allegheny St., over Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

JOHN I. IRWIN, Attorney-at-law. Office North side of Diamond, Bellefonte, Pa. Collections carefully attended to, and remittances promptly made.

JOHN F. POTTER, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa. oct27'70-tf.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa Office on High St. ja4'71-tf.

Physicians and Dentists.

EDWIN S. DORWORTH, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office at his residence, on south side of Diamond, two doors above Garman's hotel. Calls promptly attended day or night. 6-14-tf

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, has permanently located in Bellefonte, and may be found at all times at his office (and residence) in the "Turner Building," on Allegheny st., first door North of Wilson & Hicks' Hardware store. 7-13-tf

H. H. MOTHERSBAUGH, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Calls promptly attended to day or night. Office at his drug store, in Beech Creek, Clinton county, Pa. Also dealer in pure drugs and medicines, fancy and toilet articles, etc. v3n41-1y*

MEDICAL.

Wright's Rejuvenating Elixer.

For the restoration of Nature's forces. It gives new life and vigor to the aged, and causes the blood of youth to course through the veins. It effectually cures Impotency, Palpitation of the Heart, Loss of Muscular Power, Low Spirits, Disorganization of the Generative Organs, and all the train of ills that follow in the path of the transgressor of Nature's laws. Price $2 per bottle.

It will be readily understood that in the brief space afforded by the advertising columns of a public print, it is impossible to give all particulars of the diseases that may be cured by the CHEROKEE MEDICINES. That they are destined to become immensely popular is plainly obvious in consequence of their

GREAT INTRINSIC MERIT.

The pamphlet and circulars that accompany the medicines give all the information which cannot be given here, and the remedies may be had of any respectable druggist.

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO.,
Wholesale Agents, New York.
METROPOLITAN MED. CO.,
Proprietors, New York.

ESTABLISHED 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.

F. P. GREEN

DRUGGIST,

BUSH HOUSE BUILDING, BELLEFONTE

Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first-class Drug Store. Particular attention given to preparing Physicians prescriptions, and family recipes. v6n1-1y.

PUT ON

COSMOLINE.

Because wounded nature rapidly restores itself when thoroughly protected from atmospheric action. Science acknowledges a perfect application in COSMOLINE. No rancidity or decomposition. Healing without the slightest irritation or smarting. Leaves no scars. Results are astounding!

Any inflamation, old and corrupt sores, eruptions and sloughing wounds yield to it. It is Nature's faithful ally in the struggle. For Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Bruises, Boils, Blisters, Chafing, Poisons, Bites, Piles, Itching Tetter, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Mumps, Sore Throat, Coughing, Frosted Limbs, Chapped Skin.

Whoever Uses it Recommends It.

The Pomade of Cosmoline

never becomes rancid nor loses its rich perfume. It cures all scalp diseases, keeps the hair soft, glossy and free from gum.

☞ Ask for PLAIN COSMOLINE, or for COSMOLINE POMADE: 50 cents a bottle, with the above trade mark and the name of E. F. HOUGHTON & CO., Philadelphia.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.
7-14-1y

Miscellaneous.

"Unquestionably the Best and Cheapest Fashion Journal ever published in America."

THE

"DOMESTIC" MONTHLY

A JOURNAL OF

Fashion, Literature, and Art.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"How a Journal of Fashion can combine fashion and literature at very low terms is well shown by this periodical. The May number, besides a colored Fashion Plate, has thirty-six pages, profusely illustrated, on the fashions of costumes for ladies and children, seasonable fabrics, trimmings, millinery, *lingerie, coiffures*, and domestic art, and yet with all this there is room for poems and tales, by popular authors, notices of new books, etc., and the price of all this matter is only $1.50 per annum. Take it all in all, we know of no periodical of which readers get so much for their money as those of the 'DOMESTIC' MONTHLY."—*N. Y. Sunday Mail.*

"If one wishes the latest information concerning the latest fashions, the 'DOMESTIC' MONTHLY is ready with the intelligence, aided by abundant illustrations. It does not, however, neglect current literature, as it contains poems, a serial story, some interesting miscellany, and art notes."—*N. Y. World.*

"It combines literary merit with a great deal of information in regard to ladies' costumes, fabrics, toilettes, etc. It is plentifully illustrated in its fashion articles, and its list of contributions is deserving of much praise."—*N. Y. Commercial Advertiser.*

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"The most delightful of the Fashion Magazines."—*American Standard*, Jersey City, N. J.

"We can heartily recommend it."—*West Branch* (Iowa) *Democrat.*

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THE PRACTICAL PREMIUM

of ONE DOLLAR in the celebrated "Domestic" Paper Fashions is given to every subscriber.

Agents Wanted Everywhere.

Better terms offered than by any other publishers. Send for Circular.

Specimen copy, 15 cents. If not to be had of your newsdealer, remit the amount to us. Address,

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JACOB RHONE,

PRINCIPAL.

The spring session commences Monday, April 26. Complete course of studies taught. Terms low. Good boarding at very low rates. Location healthy. This school affords an excellent opportunity to secure a good education without spending a fortune. For terms address

JACOB RHONE, A. M
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15-3m

BUSINESS ESTABLISHED IN 1835.

BOERICKE & TAFEL,

HOMŒOPATHIC

PHARMACY, 145 Grand St., New York.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of reliable Homœopathic Medicines, and books on Domestic Practice. Goods sent to all parts of the country, by mail or express.

Send stamp for descriptive catalogue and price current. Address as above. vol7-n30-3m

DR. KEYSER

Has examined more lungs, and treated more cases of Pulmonary and Chronic diseases successfully, than any man in Western Pennsylvania. His lung examinations embrace not only hundreds, but in the last 35 years he has listened to and treated over 20,000 cases of Lung Diseases. Pamphlets sent Free. Address,

DR. KEYSER,
32-42 120 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SUI GENERIS.

MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.

UNEQUALED if judged critically, UNAPPROACHED in capacity and excellence by any others. Awarded

THREE HIGHEST MEDALS AND **DIPLOMA OF HONOR** AT **VIENNA, 1873; PARIS, 1867.**

ONLY American Organs ever awarded any medal in Europe, or which present such extraordinary excellence as to command a wide sale there.

ALWAYS awarded highest premiums at Industrial Expositions, **in America as well as Europe.** Out of hundreds there have not been six in all where any other organs have been preferred.

BEST Declared by Eminent Musicians, in both hemispheres, to be **unrivaled.** See TESTIMONIAL CIRCULAR, with opinions of more than **One Thousand** (sent free).

INSIST on having a Mason & Hamlin. Do not take any other. *Dealers get* LARGER COMMISSIONS *for selling inferior organs, and for this reason often try very hard to sell something else.*

NEW STYLES with most important improvements ever made. **New Solo** and **Combination Stops. Superb Etagere** and other **Cases of new designs.**

PIANO-HARP CABINET ORGAN An exquisite combination of these instruments.

EASY PAYMENTS. Organs sold for cash; or for monthly or quarterly payments; or rented until rent pays for the organ.

CATALOGUES and Circulars, with full particulars, free. Address MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., 154 Tremont Street, BOSTON; 25 Union Square, NEW YORK; or 80 & 82 Adams St., CHICAGO.

GETZE'S SCHOOL FOR THE PARLOR ORGAN

THE BEST WORK FOR REED, CABINET, or PARLOR ORGANS is GETZE'S School for the Parlor Organ. *Sent by Mail. Price,* $2.50.

LEE & WALKER, Philada.

Meyer's Poultry Powder.

Warranted, if used in time, to cure chicken cholera and gapes. Will also prevent this disease. With a liberal supply of ordinary attention to cleanliness and proper feeding, with a special supply of Meyer's Poultry (even in confinement) for any length of time, with both profit and pleasure. Package 25 cts.; five for $1.00. Ask your dealer. Sent free upon receipt of price. Address, A. C. MEYER & CO., Baltimore.

Trusses, Supporters and Pile Pipes. "Seeley's Hard Rubber Trusses."—Cool, cleanly, light, perfectly safe and comfortable, free from all sour, rusty, chafing, strapping, or poultice-like unpleasantness; used in bathing, endorsed by the profession, long tested, always reliable. Beware of IMITATIONS. Genuine stamped "Seeley's Hard Rubber Trusses." Sent by mail or exp., & sold by leading druggists. Send for catalogue.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Among the great discoveries of modern science, few are of more real value to mankind than this effectual remedy for all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. A vast trial of its virtues, throughout this and other countries, has shown that it does surely and effectually control them. The testimony of our best citizens, of all classes, establishes the fact, that CHERRY PECTORAL will and does relieve and cure the afflicting disorders of the Throat and Lungs beyond any other medicine. The most dangerous affections of the Pulmonary Organs yield to its power; and cases of **Consumption,** cured by this preparation, are publicly known, so remarkable as hardly to be believed, were they not proven beyond dispute. As a remedy it is adequate, on which the public may rely for full protection. By curing **Coughs,** the forerunners of more serious disease, it saves unnumbered lives, and an amount of suffering not to be computed. It challenges trial, and convinces the most sceptical. Every family should keep it on hand as a protection against the early and unperceived attacks of Pulmonary Affections, which are easily met at first, but which become incurable, and too often fatal, if neglected. Tender lungs need this defence; and it is unwise to be without it. As a safeguard to children, amid the distressing diseases which beset the Throat and Chest of childhood, CHERRY PECTORAL is invaluable; for, by its timely use, multitudes are rescued from premature graves, and saved to the love and affection centred on them. It acts speedily and surely against ordinary colds, securing sound and health-restoring sleep. No one will suffer troublesome **Influenza** and painful **Bronchitis,** when they know how easily they can be cured.

Originally the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, no cost or toil is spared in making every bottle in the utmost possible perfection. It may be confidently relied upon as possessing all the virtues it has ever exhibited, and capable of producing cures as memorable as the greatest it has ever effected.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

AMERICAN LINE

MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

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LINE CARRYING THE AMERICAN FLAG.

Sailing every Thursday from PHILADELPHIA

For QUEENSTOWN & LIVERPOOL.

CABIN, INTERMEDIATE & STEERAGE

Accommodations Unsurpassed,

Rates as low as by any other First-Class Line.

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Medicines, &c.

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FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU

Is the only known remedy for

BRIGHT'S DISEASE

And a positive cure for GOUT, GRAVEL, STRICTURES, DIABETES, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, DROPSY, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the BLADDER AND KIDNEYS, Stermatorrhœa, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Irregular or painful Menses, Bearing Down, Chlorosis, debility and all complaints incident to females.

KEARNEY'S EXT. BUCHU

For Stone in the Bladder, Calculus Gravel or Brickdust Deposit and Mucus or Milky Discharges, and Diseases of the Prostate Gland.

KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU

cures Diseases arising from Imprudences, Habits of Dissipation, &c., in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to urinate, thereby removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, and expelling all Poisonous matter.

Used by persons in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains, bed-wetting in children, etc.

Prof. Steele says: "One bottle of Kearney's Extract Buchu is worth more than all other Buchus combined.

KEARNEY'S EXT. BUCHU

Permanently cures all affections of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Dropsical Swelling existing in Men, Women and Children, no matter what the age. Ask for Kearney's. Take no other.

Price One Dollar per Bottle, or Six Bottles for Five Dollars.

DEPOT, 104 DUANE STREET, NEW YORK.

A Physician in attendance to answer correspondence and give advice gratis. Send stamp for pamphlet free.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE. 31-1y

Avoid Quacks & Imposters

NO CHARGE FOR ADVICE AND CONSULTATION.

Dr. J. B. Dyott, graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, author of several valuable works, can be consulted on all diseases of the Sexual or Urinary Organs (which he has made an especial study) either in male or female, no matter from what cause originating or of how long standing. A practice of 30 years enables me to treat diseases with success. Cures guaranteed. Charges reasonable. Those at a distance can forward letter describing symptoms and enclosing stamp to prepay postage. Send for the Guide to Health. Price 10 cents.

J. B. DYOTT, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, 31-1y 194 Duane Street, New York.

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PLUMBERS,

GAS & STEAM FITTERS.

We pay particular attention to heating buildings by steam. Copper smithing and re-bronzing old gas fixtures done nicely and expeditiously. All our work warranted to give perfect satisfaction.

GALBRITH & WHITE,

Bellefonte, Pa.

17-1y

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GREAT REDUCTION!

Good Revolvers -	*$4.50*
Single Shot Guns	*$3 to $12.00*
Double Guns	*$8 to $150.00*

Powder, Shot, Cartridges,

BREECH-LOADING & MUZZLE-LOADING

SHOT GUNS & RIFLES

at the lowest possible rates.

FIREARMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY REPAIRED.

SHOP ON HIGH STREET,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

THEODORE DESCHNER.

7-3-1y

FURNITURE WAREROOM.

HOWARD STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

BUREAUS,
SOFAS,
LOUNGES,
HAT RACKS,
WHAT-NOTS,
EXTENSION TABLES,
CHAIRS,
STANDS,
STOOLS, &c.,

of every description, quality and price, for sale cheaper than at any other establishment of the kind in Central Penn'a.

UNDERTAKER.

Ready-made Coffins, of all sizes and prices kept constantly on hand. Also Coffins manufactured to order.

v6n10-tf H. P. HARRIS.

Expresses.

SOLOMON DERR.—Hereby gives notice to his old friends and the business community generally that he has a good team of horses, and that he is prepared at all times to deliver lumber, flour, feed, or baggage, or anything else in his line, to any part of the town or County. Everything committed to his care, will be attended to punctually. 4-28-1y.

ISAAC LOSH Takes this Method to inform his friends and the public generally that he is prepared to do all kinds of express business and will deliver promptly to any point in Bellefonte or the county anything that may be trusted to his care. Thankful for past favors asks a continuence of public favor. 5-6-1

JNO. D. SOURBECK

LOCAL EXPRESS.

A local expressing promptly attende to reasonable rates.

Also, proprietor of all the bill boards in town.

BILL POSTING A SPECIALTY.

5-16 1y

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S A. McQUISTION

MANUFACTURER OF

Buggies, Carriages, Wagons Sleighs, &c.,

REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO!

SHOPS NEAR THE DEPOT, BELLEFONTE PA. 5-4-1y

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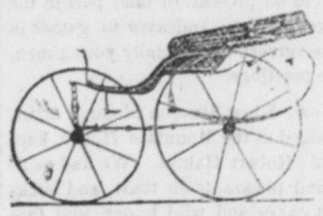
EDWARD A. BULLOCK & CO,

MILESBURG.

MANUFACTURERS OF



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SPRING WAGONS, SLEIGHS, &c.

AND LUMBER WAGONS

Having rebuilt our factory, lately burned in the great fire at Milesburg, we have removed from Bellefonte, and can now be found at our new place of business near

CENTRAL CITY MILLS.

Thankful to our friends for past favors we solicit a continuance of their patronage at our new establishment.

Repairing Neatly and Carefully Done,

and satisfaction guaranteed.

Our motto is, **As Cheap as the Cheapest and Good as the Best.**

7-23-1y

Stoves.

W. T. TWITMIRE,

dealer in

Stoves, Tinware

WOODEN WARE

and all kinds of

KITCHEN FURNITURE

also

COAL OIL

and Coal Oil Lamps and Chimneys, Roofing & Spouting promptly done. Our motto, as cheap as the cheapest and as good as the best. No. 4 Bush's Arcade, store formerly occupied by Lonbarger.

6-tf

W. WETSLER,

DEALERS IN

STOVES

OF THE LATEST AND BEST IMPROVED PATTERNS

TIN WARE

MANUFACTURED FROM THE

BEST QUALITY OF TIN,

AND SOLD AS CHEAP IF NOT CHEAPER THAN AT ANY OTHER PLACE IN TOWN.

SPOUTING

a Specialty, and all orders attended to promptly and satisfactorily.

STORE OPPOSITE BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA.

5-33-tf

Watches.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C. RICHARDS

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the new building lately erected by Blanchard & McCafferty, next door to the office of Alexander & Co., on High St. At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired upon shortest notice. v6n7-no6-tf

CAR SHOPS.

BELLEFONTE

CAR MANUFACTURING CO.,

(Successor to W. V. Hughes.)

BELLEFONTE

Manufactures and keeps always on hand

WHITE AND YELLOW

PINE FLOORING,

Weather boarding, of various styles,

Sash,
Blinds,
Doors,
Mouldings,
Brackets,

Scroll Sawing of every Description,

and Brackets of all sizes made to order.

Having a

BUCKLEY'S PATENT LUMBER DRYER

Connected with our establishment, we are enabled to manufacture our work from

THOROUGHLY SEASONED LUMBER

Orders from CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, DEALERS, and the trade generally solicited.

BELLEFONTE CAR MANF'G CO.

5-25-tf. Bellefonte Centre o., Pa.

Hotels.

RAIL ROAD HOUSE

Corner Front and Pine Street,

PHILIPSBURG, CENTRE CO., PA.

ROBERT LOYD, Prop'r.

The best of Liquors and Segars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. v4n25-1y

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MERCHANTS HOTEL,

CUMMINGS & MAUGLE,

FOURTH ST.

A FEW DOORS ABOVE MARKET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The accomodations at the "Merchants" are first class and prices moderate. 6-9-tf

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Miscellaneous.

TASTELESS MEDICINES.

A prominent New York physician lately complained to DUNDAS DICK & CO. about their Sandalwood Oil Capsules, stating that sometimes they cured miraculously, but that a patient of his had taken them without effect. On being informed that several imitations were sold, he inquired and found his patient had not been taking DUNDAS DICK & CO'S.

What happened to this physician may have happened to others, and DUNDAS DICK & CO. take this method of protecting physicians, druggists and themselves, and preventing Oil of Sandalwood from coming into disrepute.

PHYSICIANS who once prescribe the Capsules will **continue to do so,** for they contain the Pure Oil in the **best and cheapest** form.

DUNDAS DICK & CO. use more Oil of Sandalwood than all the Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Perfumers in the United States combined, and this is the sole reason why the **pure oil** is sold Cheaper in their Capsules than in any other form.

OIL OF SANDALWOOD is fast superseding every other remedy, sixty Capsules **only** being required to insure a safe and certain cure in six or eight days. From no other medicine can this result be had.

DUNDAS DICK & CO.'S SOFT CAPSULES solve the problem, long considered by eminent physicians, of how to avoid the nausea and disgust experienced in swallowing, which are well known to detract from, if not destroy, the good effects of many valuable remedies.

Soft Capsules are put up in tin-foil and neat boxes, thirty in each, and are the only Capsules prescribed by physicians.

Tasteless Medicines.—Caster Oil and many other nauseous medicines can be taken easily and safely in **Dundas Dick & Co's Soft Capsules. No taste. No smell.**

☞ These were the only Capsules admitted to the last Paris Exposition.

Send for circular to 35 Wooster Street, N. Y.

☞ **Sold at all Drug Stores Here.**

v7-3m

Price, Twenty-five Cents.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING

NINETY-EIGHTH EDITION.

Containing a complete list of all the towns in the United States, the Territories and the Dominion of Canada, having a population greater than 5,000 according to the last census, together with the names of the newspapers having the largest local circulation in each of the places named. Also, a catalogue of newspapers which are recommended to advertisers as giving greatest value in proportion to prices charged. Also, all newspapers in the United States and Canada printing over 5,000 copies each issue. Also, all the Religious, Agricultural, Scientific, and Mechanical, Medical, Masonic, Juvenile, Educational, Commercial, Insurance, Real Estate, Law, Sporting, Musical, Fashion, and other special class Journals; very complete lists. Together with a complete list of over 3,000 German papers printed in the United States. Also, an essay on advertising; many tables of rates, showing the cost of advertising in various newspapers, and everything which a beginner in advertising would like to know.

Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 30-7-3m 41 Park Row, New York.

Dr. Tipple's Specific Liniment

is a certain and positive cure for WOUNDS, BRUISES, STRAINS, BURNS, CHILBLAIN'S AND ESPECIALLY OLD SORES AND OLD ULCERS OF LONG STANDING which it is guaranteed to cure. It will also cure all

EXTERNAL DISEASES

of the horse and other domestic animals. Sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle,

DR. R. D. TIPPLE,

36 6m Bellefonte, Pa

$5 to $20 per day. Agents wanted. All classes of working people of both sexes, young and old, make more money at work for us, in their own localities, during their spare moments, or all the time than at any thing else. We offer employment that will pay handsomely for every hour's work. Full particulars, terms, &c., sent free. Send us your address at once. Don't delay. Now is the time. Don't look for work or business elsewhere until you have learned what we offer. G Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine 7-2-1y

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THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH

ROWELL & CHESMAN Advertising Agents,

THIRD & CHESTNUT STS., ST. LOUIS, MO

Miscellaneous.

KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO PURE AND SILVER GLOSS STARCH,

For the Laundry.

MANUFACTURED BY

T. KINGSFORD & SON.

BEST STARCH IN THE WORLD.

GIVES A BEAUTIFUL FINISH TO THE LINEN, and the difference in cost between it and common starch is scarcely half a cent for an ordinary washing. Ask your grocer for it.

KINGSFORD'S

Oswego Corn Starch,

FOR PUDDINGS, BLANC MANGE,

Ice Cream, &c.

Is the original—Established in 1848. And preserves its reputation as PURER, STRONGER and MORE DELICATE than any other article of the kind offered, either of the same name or with other titles.

STEVENSON MACADAM, Ph. D., &c., the highest chemical authority of Europe, carefully analyzed this Corn Starch, and says it is a most excellent article of diet, and in chemical and feeding properties is fully equal to the best arrow root.

Directions for making Puddings, Custards, &c., accompany each one pound package.

For Sale by all First-class Grocers.

24-3m

AMERICAN WASH BLUE,

For Laundry and Household Use,

MANUFACTURED AT THE

American Ultramarine Works,

NEWARK, N. J.

Our Wash Blue is the best in the world. It does not streak, contains nothing injurious to health or fabric, and is used by all large laundries on account of its pleasing effect and cheapness. Superior for whitewashing. Put up in packages convenient for family use. Price 10 cents each.

For sale by grocers everywhere. Always ask for the American Wash Blue, if you want the cheapest and best.

AMERICAN ULTRAMARINE WORKS, Office, 72 William Street New York.

24-3m

ADVERTISING: Cheap: Good: Systematic. All persons who contemplate making contracts with newspapers for the insertions of advertisements, should send 25 cents to Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, New York, for their PAMPHLET-BOOK (ninety-seventh edition), containing lists of over 2,000 newspapers and estimates, showing the cost. Advertisements taken for leading papers in many states at a tremendous reduction from publishers' rates. Get the book. 7-2-1y

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Were again awarded the highest premium, over all makers, at the late Franklin Institute Exhibition, and are the only First-class Instruments that can be obtained at Manufacturer's cost prices.

$500

For an Elegant 7⅓ oct. Rosewood Piano. The following are a few of the Principal Medals received

First Prize Medal, (Franklin Institute,)		1874
" Silver " (Grand Piano)		1858
" Prize " Crystal Palace World Fair N Y		53
" Gold " American Inst., N. Y		1848
" Prize " Maryland Inst., Baltimore		1848
" Silver " Franklin Inst., Phila.		1845

Pianos ordered by mail, are carefully selected, and remittance is not required, until the instrument is received and approved. All our styles and classes, are built of the same excellent material and workmanship. Every instrument is fully guaranteed.

☞ Write or send for illustrated catalogue, and price list, giving full description of styles, prices, etc.

SCHOMACKER PIANO MF'G CO., 9-19t Warerooms 1108 Chestnut St., Phila.

Painting & Paper Hanging.

PAINTING

—AND—

Paper Hanging.

ROBERT H. IRWIN

Takes this method to present his claims to public favor. He is prepared to do in a neat, expeditious, and thorough manner, and at prices that defy competition,

House Painting,

GRAINING,

KALSOMINING,

Paper Hanging,

SIGN PAINTING,

AND

FANCY & ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, ETC.

Orders left at

IRWIN & SON'S OFFICE,

in Diamond, or at his Shop on Howard Street, will receive prompt attention.

7-38-6m

LOOK! LOOK!

We have a limited stock of

BILL HEADS

which we will print and sell for

$3 PER THOUSAND,

$2 PER FIVE HUNDRED.

Order now. We have only a limited stock at the above price and shall not probably have any more. Send for sample.

REPUBLICAN OFFICE.

Merchant Tailors.

WM. S. TRIPPLE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

McCAFFERTY'S NEW BUILDING, Opposite Depot,

Has just received a large invoice of GENTLEMENS'

FURNISHING GOODS.

of the latest styles,

FASHIONABLE SUITS

MADE TO ORDER AT

LOW CASH PRICES.

v5-12-1y

Merchant Tailoring Establishment

NO. 7, BROCKERHOFF'S ROW,

BELLEFONTE PA

THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Centre county and the public generally, that he is just opening a

Splendid and Rich Assortment of For eign and Domestic

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

AND

VESTINGS,

Which he is prepared make to order in the latest and most fashionable styles, for men or boys. Goods sold by the piece or by the yard He also keeps on hand a full line o

Gents Furnishing Goods

of every style and variety, consisting of

HATS AND CAPS,
STRAW GOODS,
MUSLIN OR LINEN SHIRTS,
Underclothes for Summer or Winter Wear, Suspenders, Hose, Neck Ties, Collars, both Paper and Linen, Handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of KID GLOVES—"The Jouvin"—a full assortment of sizes, colors &c., on hand.

JOHN MONTGOMERY, No. 7, Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa. v4n34-1y

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MERCHANT TAILORING.

NO. FOUR BROCKERHOFF ROW,

ALLEGHENY STREET,

BELLEFONTE, PENN'A.

Just received by

WM. McCLELLAN,

a most complete stock of

CLOTHS.

CASSIMERES

AND VESTINGS;

which he is prepared to make to order in the latest and most fashionable style for men or boys.

Particular attention given to cutting and fitting.

He also keeps on hand a full line of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

of every style and variety, consisting of hats and caps, straw goods, muslin or linen shirts, undercloth for summer or winter wear, suspenders, hose, neck-ties, collars, both paper and linen, handkerchiefs.

The best manufacture of Kid Gloves, a full assortment of sizes, colors, etc., on hand.

WM. McCLELLAN,

No. 4 Brockerhoff Row, Bellefonte, Pa. 5-13—tf

Shaving Saloons.

M. S. GRAHAM, Fashionable Barber, in Basement of the Conrad House Bellefonte Pa. The best of Razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a SHAVE without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, Hair Oil Hair Restoratives, &c., constantly on hand. WARM AND COLD BATHS. 5-1-tf

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WM. MILLS,

FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High Street, Bellefonte, Pa. 5-29-1y

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Flour and Feed.

DUNCAN, HALE & CO.,

(Successors to John M. Wagner & Co.,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

FLOUR, FEED, &c.,

AND DEALERS IN

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN

The highest market price paid for

WHEAT, RYE,

CORN,

OATS, &c

6-39-1y

CANCERS

Removed without pain, or the use of either caustics or the knife, and Radically Cured. If painful, and an open ulcer formed, medicines will be sent by Express to give prompt relief. Consultation, by letter, One Dollar. Send 50 cents for book, with descriptive cases, References and Testimonials.

Drs. PARK & McLEISH

v7n30-8t No. 21 East 16th Street, New York

BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Lodge Directory.

Bayard Post, No. 90, G. A. R., meets every Monday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Council, No. 270, O. U. A. M., meets every Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, in Bush's Arcade.

Bellefont Lodge, No. 190, K. of P., meets every Friday evening, at their hall, in Meek's Building, opposite the Bush House.

Centre Lodge, No. 153, I. O. O. F., meets every Thursday evening at the Odd Fellow's hall. Degree meetings first Saturday of each month.

Minerva (Rebekah Degree) Lodge, No. 53, meets on the Saturday night next to and immediately before the full of the moon of each month, in Odd Fellow's hall.

Bellefonte Encampment, No. 72 I. O. O. F., meets at the Odd Fellow's hall on the second and fourth Mondays of every month.

Bellefonte Lodge, No. 268, A. Y. M., meets on Tuesday evening, at 7 o'clock, on or before each moon, in Masonic Lodge, Bush's Arcade.

Bellefonte Chapter, 243, R. A. M. meets on Thursday night preceeding the second Friday of each month, in Masonic Lodge.

Constans Commandery, No. 3, K. T., meets the second Friday evening of each month. in Masonic Lodge.

Bellefonte and County.

——Those nervous, soft-money philosophers take it hard this morning.

——Fellow citizens, cast your votes for that honorable, honest, hard-working son of—but hold up! The election is over.

——The campaign is over, and if, during the heat of the canvas, we have offended anybody, we take it all back.

——You short-sighted individual, who stood up for Pershing, go and pay that bet you lost—pay it like a man.

——There are more headaches to the acre this morning than Pennsylvania has ever produced before.

——The turnpike from Centre Hall to Milroy has been leased by Mr. Robert Lee, who has erected a toll-gate at Centre Hill.

——The little "Centre Farmer," published by the Agricultural Society has suspended. It came and went with the potato bugs.

——The new postal cards are still sicklier looking than the old ones. They look as if the Postmaster-General had been suffering from yellow jaundice.

DEDICATION.—The Lutheran Church at Pine Hall, Ferguson township, Centre county, will be dedicated to God's service on the 14th day of November next.

——As near as can be figured up to this date, only 3,375,832 big political lies were set afloat for the Pennsylvania electors, to ponder over and discuss during the canvass. We wash our hands of any and all of them.

LECTURE.—"The Bright Side of Libby Prison," by Chaplain C. C. McCabe, in Bellefonte, on next Monday evening. The Chaplain will also sing some of his inimitable songs. It will be a rare treat, and all should hear him.

——While passing the yard of the Penn'a R. R. Co., at Tyrone, on Friday last, we saw an unfortunate workman being borne off on a stretcher by his companions. While coupling cars, he was caught between two bumpers, and crushed so that his life was dispaired of.

——The ground hogs are digging deeper than ever into the earth this fall, and are lining their nests with cotton batting and laying in twice the usual amount of coal. You can look out for a winter that will freeze up a blast furnace and bend shade trees double.

——Sunday next, the 8th inst., being the day set apart for universal prayer for Young Men's Christian Associations, there will be a meeting in the Y. M. C. A. rooms of this place on Sunday next, at half past nine o'clock, to which a cordial invitation is extended to everybody, especially young men.

WEDDED.—On Thursday last, Professor John Hamilton, professor of agriculture, and treasurer of the Penn'a State College, was married to Miss Lizzie Thompson, daughter of Moses Thompson, Esq., of this county. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Hamill in the presence of a large and brilliant assembly of ladies and gentlemen. The Professor and his bride were gone to Canada, and will be absent about a month.

——A certain cigar store in one of the most public places of our town is kept open on the Sabbath day. Almost any hour of the day young men, and old, may be seen going in and out, freely using the articles kept there for sale. Are not the laws of both God and man disregarded and violated? Is there no way by which these law-breakers can be brought to justice? May not other stores, furnishing the necessaries of life, be kept open on Sunday?

——On Friday night, at Millheim, a horse and buggy belonging to Thomas Geesy, of that place, was taken by two unknown men from where the horse was tied to a post, and driven rapidly down the valley. The theft was not noticed until an hour or more after taken. Pursuit was immediately instituted, and the thieves were followed to the vicinity of Flemington, where, finding that they were pursued, they got out and fled across the fields. The horse, buggy and everything, were found intact and brought back.

AUTUMN.—What pleasant memories are brought to the mind at the mention of autumn. But how much more pleasant 'tis to breathe the cool, invigorating air of this delightful season, and gaze upon its varied beauties. The trees and shrubs that wore a bright green color but a short time since, have turned to a golden hue, and at every gust of the sighing wind a shower of varied colored leaves fall tumbling to the ground. At an early hour in the evening the little drops of dew collect on the grass which still retain its bright green color, and they can be seen at a late hour in the morning sparkling in all their splendor. The little streams that have tinkled in a subdued and solemn tone during the fervid months of summer, now warble forth a more lively and clearer song, as they laughingly bound o'er their rocky bed.

What a stretch of fertile matter is spread before the poet's eye. Even the crickets and katydids pour song into his listening ear, and the gentle breeze, as it sighs through the trees, has music in its tone.

"Oh, I do love thee, Autumn,
For the thoughts that thou dost bring!
I love thy plaintive melodies—
I love thee more than Spring.
Thy sunlight has a richer gleam,
A calmer, brighter glow
Upon the dying things of earth,
Like transient smile of woe.

"I love the deep, the wailing sound
Of wind, of wood, and rill,
For memories of the past they bring,
And all my bosom fill.
I love to see the falling leaf—
I read there many a line
Of what has been, of what will come
To me in future time."

——They do say that Sechler & Co. keep the best five-cent cigars to be found in Bellefonte.

ALL HALLOWEEN.—Sunday being the last day of October, the evening, according to ancient tradition, was celebrated as Halloween. In superstitious minds it is the night of ghosts and hobgoblins. Diembodied spirits are supposed to ride through the air on broom sticks, and it is the gala night for witches and other imaginary spirits to reign supreme until midnight, and then retire for another year. It is also the night on which, in some sections of our civilized country, the young folks meet together and in different forms test the sincerity of their lovers. One of the customs among the young ladies is to place three nuts upon the stove, naming each for separate lovers. If one cracks or jumps, the swain will prove false to his vow; if it begins to blaze or burn it shows that the flame of love is burning in his heart. If those named after the maid and her lover burn together they will be married. In this section of the country, where young America doesn't take much stock in ghosts, the boys celebrate the night in a manner peculiarly their own. Corn cribs are visited, and cabbage patches uprooted, and quite frequently broken windows and mashed-in doors are the result of their rude sport. Halloween is also the night of the practical joker, and although he is sometimes unruly, everybody seems ready to meet his sport with a broad grin.

——Nut candies, walnut, Cocoanut, cream nut, and fruit; also a fresh lot of confectionaries, just received at Sechler & Co.'s

LIGHT WANTED.—There is no place in Bellefonte where there is greater necessity for a street lamp than on Water street, at some point between the High street bridge and the big spring. The board walk—we mean that dangerous combination of hemlock scantlings and two-feet edgings that are formed here and there along the stone wall skirting Spring creek, positively cannot be walked with safety in daylight; and, after night, it is worth a man's life to attempt it. The citizens of the immediate locality, as well as those who are compelled to go to and from their homes in the region of Phoenix Mills and beyond, have a right to demand from the Council that so small a favor as the placing of one or two along this street should be extended to them. The gas does not extend to the most desirable point, but a post could be erected, a lamp supplied, and light furnished with some other material.

——The campaign kept up on both sides until the eve of the election. Col. D. G. Bush addressed a large Democratic meeting in the Court House on Monday evening, and some of the younger Democratic speakers held forth to the Pleasant Gappers. (The last word is no reflection on the speakers.) John G. Love and D. S. Keller, Esqs., addressed a large crowd of Republican voters at the Intersection, and Hon. A. O. Furst and D. H. Hastings, Esqs., attended a large and enthusiastic meeting at Snow Shoe, where a large crowd of Wide Awakes, both mounted and on foot, headed by a brass band, told of the enthusiasm of the Republican party in the higher plane of the Alleghenies.

——If there be any woman or man in Bellefonte, in want of a sewing machine, he or she will do the very best thing they possibly can do by calling at this office. We have three machines of the best make, all in good order, which we will sell cheap.

——We call the attention of Return Judges to the law, which they must obey, in another column.

——For good job work and fair prices, call at the REPUBLICAN office.

——Now, settle down and attend to the business you have so much neglected during the political canvass.

——We again call attention to Chaplain McCabe's lecture next Monday evening, Nov. 8. Don't miss the treat.

——The first snow of the season was billed for last Sunday, and came off according to appointment. There was no postponement on account of the weather, which was very disagreeable.

——We knew Hartranft would be elected,—knew it on Sunday evening. There was Judge D. M. Wagner out at church, listening to four preachers and two laymen, on Sunday evening.

——Last evening was a lively one in Bellefonte. We went to bed early, and missed the excitement and the election news. We knew everything was all right.

——The Penn Hall Academy, under Prof. D. M. Wolf, opened yesterday for the winter term. Mr. Wolf is one of the most successful educators in the county, and his institution presents many advantages.

——The reason why Mongomery can sell clothing so cheap and please the people so well are: 1ts, His expenses are small and he sells at small profits. 2nd. He has a cutter who can't be beat. Try it on.

——P. Messinger, of Centre Hall, advertises a patent milking machine, but we don't see what the Centre Hall people want with another milking machine when they have such a calf as Fred Kurtz always on hand.

——All our readers, no doubt, have read the story of a Buffalo man finding a pearl worth $400.00 in a dish of raw oysters which he had sat down to eat. Mr. George Downing, the restaurant man opposite the Bush House, is now selling tub oysters on the half shell, and has hosts of customers. After pearls, you see.

——For neatness of fit, elegance of workmanship, and durability, the clothing sold by William Montgomery, No. 6 Brockerhoff row, are equal to those sold by any other merchant tailors. They also keep constantly on hand all kinds of gentlemen's furnishing goods, and at prices lower than can be found at any other place in Centre county. They have just received a large and elegant stock from the city, which they are selling surprisingly low.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.—The first contribution the present year from any Sabbath school in Centre county for the Mission work of the American Sunday School Union in Central Pennsylvania, is just received from the Pleasant Gap U. S. School, amounting to $7.06, for which I express my grateful thanks, with the wish that many others will remember this work which is going forward without ceasing, in behalf of the youth in communities around us, most in need of our Christian efforts and contributions. R. CRITTENDON.

Bellefonte, Nov. 1, 1875.

——When a lamp explodes or is upset and the oil takes fire, a great difficulty is experienced in extinguishing the flames. Water does harm, for it spreads the oil and increases the area of the fire. A heavy cloth thrown over the blaze will stifle it, and so will loose earth, but these are not often at hand. The best check to an oil fire in such emergencies is flour, and is generally accessible. Liberally scattered over burning oil, it absorbs the fluid, deadens the flames, and can readily be gathered up and thrown out-doors when the fire is extinguished. The fact is worth remembering in these days of kerosene accidents.

——The barn belonging to the Foust farm in the seven mountains, was entirely destroyed by fire on Monday evening, about 6 o'clock. The fire started at the hay hole in the fodder gang and was seen as it first blazed up, but it spread so rapidly that nothing but the horses could be taken out. Two 2-horse wagons, one threshing machine and shaker, one cart, all the harness, 80 bushels of rye, some buckwheat, 12 tons of hay, 100 bushels of corn in the ear, and farming utensils were destroyed. There was no insurance, and the loss is about $1,000. Mr. Foust accuses a tramp, who came to his place during the afternoon, and was refused lodging, with setting the barn on fire. His name is Joseph Shilling, and he comes from about Frenchville, in Clearfield county. Shilling denies having set fire to the barn, and also denies having been in the barn, yet the persons who saw the fire first say they saw Shilling come out from the fodder gang, when they discovered the blaze. He was brought before Squire Shannon next morning for further hearing and taken to jail to await trial. The wood fires had been close to the premises earlier in the day the barn burnt, but Mr. Foust feels confident that in the evening there was no longer danger from that quarter, as they had watched the woods fire, and it was not close enough to endanger his buildings at the time the barn took fire. —*Reporter.*

——Now is the time to put in your winter stock of potatoes. Sechler & Co. have just received a large stock of most excellent tubers. They are A no 1.

Y. M. C. A. MEETINGS.—The Rev. S. A. Taggart, the State Secretary, will hold a series of Evangelical meetings at the following places:

MILESBURG—Thursday, Nov. 11, at 2:30 and 7 P. M., in the Baptist church.

STATE COLLEGE—Friday, Nov. 12, at 7 P. M., and Saturday morning and afternoon.

BELLEFONTE—Saturday, Nov. 13, at 7 P. M., in the Methodist church.

BELLEFONTE—Sunday, Nov. 14, at 9:30 A. M., in the Y. M. C. A. rooms; 4 P. M., in the Lutheran church, and at 7 P. M, in the Presbyterian church.

JACKSONVILLE—Monday, Nov. 15, at 2:30 and 7 P. M. in the—— church

BUFFALO RUN—Tuesday, Nov. 16, at 2:30 and 7 P. M., in the Buffalo Run Church.

CENTRE HALL—Wednesday, Nov. 17, at 2:30 and 7 P. M., in the Lutheran church.

UNIONVILLE—Thursday, Nov. 18, at 2:30 and 7 P. M., in the Presbyterian church.

PORT MATILDA—Friday, Nov. 19, at 2:30 P. M., in the——— church.

Brethren from Bellefonte and elsewhere will accompany Mr. Taggart to each point, to assist in the meetings.

Christian workers at every place are urged to be present, to take part in the services, and to endeavor to gather in the unconverted, especially young men, to the meetings.

——At Snow Shoe, on Monday night, we lodged at the Mountain House, kept by Col. Robert Haines. We had venison, and pheasants on toast, and buckwheat cakes and wild honey, and fare of that sort. That is a sample of the living at the Snow Shoe House. We'd like to live at Snow Shoe on some accounts. We also visited the neat tobacco store, and oyster saloon attacked, of our former Bellefonter, Mr. David Ruhl; then we looked in upon 'Squire Crissman's general merchandizing establishment, and May, Loeb & Co.'s., where our friend Max Liveright is closing out his stock. Here we found Maj. John A. Wolfe, who intends shortly to open a store of his own. Dr. Glenn flew by in a sulky, hurrying to relieve the suffering of his patients, and we only caught a glimpse of him. Captain Stoneroad we found at his post in the Snow Shoe railroad office attending to business faithfully, but finding enough time to chat with us a bit in his pleasant way. Here we found the venerable John Sommerville, moving about on crutches, having recently been injured by a fall on the railroad, but still attending to business with remarkable energy. It was an exceeding pleasant visit we had to Snow Snoe and the pleasure was enhanced by the attention and courtesy extended to us by Mr. James Whittaker, the gentlemanly conductor.

——The former proprietor of a Tyrone hotel, is now in a lunatic asylum. If all incompetent hotel proprietors were sent to lunatic asylums, these latter institutions would be as thickly populated with landlords as some of their hotels are with bed-bugs. It is a pleasant reflection, however, that there are many hotels that are models of cleanliness and comfort, where all is inviting, agreeable and comfortable, and where the anticipating management supplies every want, and supplies every comfort. We have seen such hotels, have enjoyed their felicities and partaken of their fare—we mean the hotel kept in Philipsburg, by Mr. Robert Lloyd. There is none better in the county; indeed it would be a compliment to any hotel in this region to say it is as good as Lloyd's. Every departurent of the Lloyd House is just as complete and well appointed as could be desired; the rooms are spacious and pleasant; the table is generously supplied; the prices are reasonable; and, more than all, and above all, the landlord is a gentleman as courteous, magnanimous and pleasant as a prince. We advise visitors to Philipsburg, to patronize the Lloyd House.

SHOPE'S CEMENT MINE.—A few days ago we visited a new mine of cement, recently opened by Mr. D. P. Shope, an enterprising citizen of Milesburg. The mine is near the Bald Eagle Valley railroad, about one mile below the above village. Cement was discovered here by parties exploring for coal, about a year ago. The drift extends five or six rods into the hill and reveals an exhaustless quantity of the ore. Mr. Shope has erected a large kiln, and at present is burning from 40 to 50 bushels of cement per day. The quality of the cement has been tested thoroughly, and has been found equal to the best in the market. Samples of it have been used in cisterns, and has been proved to be admirably adapted to such purposes. One excellent quality about it is, that it does not vitiate the water in the least perciptible degree, after it has had time to harden. In all respects, it has been proved by experiments, and by competent judges, to be equal to the celebrated Rosendale, or any other brand, while it can be sold here or in any part of the state, vastly cheaper.

——H. S. Black's, Julian Furnace, is the hotel you should stop at, when visiting that thriving little village.

——Get your job printing done at the REPUBLICAN office.

PERSONALS.—General James A. Beaver and Mrs. McCallister, widow of the late H. N. McCallister, started yesterday for Savannah, Georgia, where Mrs. McCallister expects to spend the winter. The General will be absent about two weeks.

—Hon. James Milliken arrived in town on Friday last. He had been in New York, attending the normal election of officers and directors of the Western Union Telegraph Company. Mr. M. has been a director of the company for a number of years, and was re-elected at the last meeting.

—Governor Hayes, who spoke to the Republican meeting on Wednesday evening, was admired by people of all parties, for the ability, candor and courtesy with which he discussed the issues. Three times elected Governor of Ohio, twice a member of Congress, and only 43 years of age. There's a showing that his parents should be proud of.

—Capt. T. A. Hicks brought home a tremendous big buck from the mountains on Saturday last. The Captain is a good marksman and doesn't point his gun at small game.

—Mr. Robert McKnight, the venerable superintendent of the gas works, wants somebody to write a poem which will sing of the beauties and advantages of protection to home industry, and then teach the children to sing it every morning in our public schools. Happy thought.

——Three inches of snow on Monday morning. Verily, we've jumped right into the middle of winter.

——J. A. M. Passmore, Esq., of Pottsville, general agent of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, is in town, lively, talkative, indefatigable and pleasant as ever.

——In another column, will be found a letter from a Rev. Babcock, a professed minister of the Gospel and temperance lecturer. We publish it for the purpose of showing that the old fellow is a fraud, and we think his argument fully sustains our allegation. His gratuitous advice as to what we shall or shall not publish is as insolent as uncalled for. We are in the habit of writing and publishing what we please, and not asking any Babcock or any other cock for advice. We are sorry to see a man who has taken upon himself the vows of a Christian preacher, so forget himself as to become as angry as a clucking hen, and take to throwing dirt like the variest Shanghai. Where is there a Christian reader of his article that would like to have him for a pastor, a spiritual adviser? Look here, Rev. Babcock, you have not answered any of the charges we preferred against you! We said you were in the employ of the Democratic party, to carry on the temperance campaign. Why don't you show you are not? You dodge the question!

We said that a reliable gentlemen informed us that the late Hon. Samuel Henry had bought off Rev. Babcock from making a temperance campaign in Cambria county for one hundred dollars. Now, read his article and see if he proves he was not bought off. He acknowledges that he did not make a temperance speech in Ebensburg at the time referred to; that he had an engagement to speak there, and was in the town on the very evening of the meeting, but left the town without speaking. We care not if he never knew Mr. Henry. He could easily receive one hundred dollars from one of Mr. Henry's agents for all that. No defence here, Rev. Babcock; your argument is not sufficiently materialized. You, Rev. Babcock, have no authority to blame Dr. Belford for what we said. Dr. Belford did not tell us the story; it was the current rumor of the town, and it is a wonder the children of the town did not yell it at you as you passed along the streets. Dr. Belford's word is as good as his oath wherever he is known; may be yours is but we place no confidence in either. Dr. Belford would not make statements about you or any other man if he did not know and believe them to be true. We will take his statements against a row of Babcocks on oath, from here to Ebensburg. Don't get angry and loose your temper, and hop around like a goose on a hot griddle, it won't do you any good. As long as you stick to your alleged legitimate business, and preach the Gospel honestly and with sincere purpose; as long as you show by your walk and conversation that you labor not for gold which perishes, but for the salvation of the world; as long as you hold the mouth of the office of your high calling above the dross of this world, we will respect you and treat you fairly. But when you steal the livery of Heaven to serve the Democratic party in; when you use the vestments of religion to injure the Republican party; and whenever and wherever you drag your holy office down into the filth and corruption of politics, for the purpose of defeating our gallant, noble soldier, General John F. Hartranft, for the office of Governor of Pennsylvania, then you will receive the same treatment from us that any other corrupt, debased politician receives, and be placed in your true light and standing by the same Republican "local" to whom you have referred.

——There are a good many candidates on the ragged edge this morning—suffering from yesterday's suffrages.

——The best dressed men in town get their clothes at William Montgomerie's, No. 6, Brockerhoff Row. If you want a nice fit go to Montgomerie's.

——"The other end" of Parson Audley Browne's dog is now visible to the naked eye. It is in the western horizon just sinking out of sight.

——Canned fruit at Sechler & Co.'s, in the Bush House Block, opposite the REPUBLICAN office.

——Last Monday afternoon it snowed quite hard, and yesterday morning early there was about two inches of snow on the ground. A touch of winter. Ugh!

——Oysters are now in season and can be had of Sechler & Co.

——Now we are going to say something smart if we "bust." You never saw a third party succeed. For particulars we refer you to Elijah Browney-packer and Robert Audleypenny.

A CARD.—We have lately received the largest stock of groceries, crockery and earthen ware, foreign and domestic fruits, ever brought to Bellefonte. Having bought them for cash, we can sell you better goods for less money than any other house in this section of the country. Goods of all kinds are lower than they have been for years. Our stock is immense in every thing that pertains to our line. It is always our endeavor at all times to give the best goods at the lowest price at which such a quality of goods can be furnished.

Respectfully,
SECHLER & Co.,
in the Bush House Block, opposite our office.

REMEMBER THIS.—Now is the time of the year for Pneumonia, lung fever, coughs, colds, and fatal results of predisposition to consumption and other throat and lung diseases. BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP has been used in this neighborhood for the past two or three years without a single failure to cure. If you have not used this medicine yourself, go to your druggists, F. P. Green, and J. Zellers & Son, and ask them of its wonderful success among his customers. Two doses will relieve the worst case. If you have no faith in any medicine, just buy a sample bottle of Boschee's German Syrup for 10 cents and try it, regular size bottle, 75 cents. Don't neglect a cough to save 75 cents. 41-eow.

SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.—Dull, heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, discharges from the head into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery, and acrid, at others, thick, tanacious, mucour, purulent, bloody, and putrid; the eyes are weak, watery, and inflamed; there is ringing in the ears, deafness, hacking or coughing to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, together with scabs from ulcers; the voice is changed and has a nasal twang; the breath is offensive, smell and taste are impaired; there is a sensation of dizziness, depression, hacking cough, and general debility. Only a few of the above named symptoms are, however, likely to be present in any one case. There is no disease more common than Catarrh, and none less understood by physicians. DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY is, beyond all comparison, the best preparation for Catarrh ever discovered. Under the influence of its mild, soothing, and healing properties, the disease soon yields. The Golden Medical Discovery should be taken to correct the blood which is always at fault, and to act specifically upon the diseased gland and lining membrane of the nose. The Catarrh Remedy should be applied warm with Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche—the only instument by which fluids can be perfectly injected to all the passages and chambers of the nose from which discharges proceed.

These medicines are sold by druggists.

——Go to Sechler's for your groceries.

MARRIED.

On Thursday evening, Oct. 14, 1875, at the M. E. Parsonage at Pleasant Gap, Pa., by the Rev. Harry C. Galbraith, Mr. Charles Schroyer to Miss Amanda Galbraith, daughter of Bartram Galbraith, and cousin of the officiating minister, both of Bellefonte.

On Thursday, Oct. 28, 1875, at the residence of the bride's father, Prof. John Hamilton, of Penn'a State College, to Miss Lizzie Thompson, of Nittany township, Pa.

LIST of Patents issued to inventors of Pennsylvania excepting Philadelphia, for the week ending Oct, 26, 1875, and each dated Oct. 12, 1875. Furnished this paper by Cox & Cox, Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C.

Fish Joint, C Dittman, Leacock
Stove Legs, W Tanner, New Brighton
Hydrants, G Bailey, Pittsburg
Glass Burial Cases, S Brooks, Darby
Grate Bars, W Childs, Pittsburg
Brick Kiln Furnace, W Colwell, Pittsburg
Harness, W Dubl, Richmond Centre
Carpet Stretcher, H Gross, Union City
Plunger Pumps, R Hartley and J Marshall, Pittsburg
Brick Machine, L Patterson, Parker City
Grate Bars, G Todd, Allegheny
Machine for Shaping Agricultural Implements, E Wansbrough, Pittsburg
Mowing Machine, D Wolf, Avon
Transmitting Power, J Wesley Woodruff, Jolytown
Potato Droppers, G Zane, Shoemakertown
Fish Joint, H Allen, Titusville
Ledger Rests, F Buck, Clearfield
Washing Machine, G Gilbert, East Prospect
Chimney Cowls, T Griffith, Fayette City
Brick Presses and Formers, A Haw, Johnstown
Method of Drying and Burning Bricks, A Morand, Germantown
Grates and Furnaces, J Old, Allegheny
Grate and Stove Fronts, J Old, Allegheny
Organ Couplers, J Ferry, Wilkesbarre
Journal Boxes, J Schellkopt, Tidionte
Mining Machines, J Weinel, Allegheny Township